The Daily Republican.

SEVENTH YEAR | DECATUR, ILLINOIS, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1899. | NUMBER 269

BIG STORM RAGING IN THE EAST

Blizzard Reigns in New York and Boston.

ANXIETY ABOUT STEAMERS

Many Passengers Believed to be in Danger—Business Paralyzed—Few People on the Streets.

[illegible] February 13.—The [illegible] prevailed all day [illegible] night has increased [illegible] with the drifting snow [illegible] traffic. The [illegible] almost entirely [illegible] trains are running [illegible] to schedule and [illegible] few trips as best [illegible] and lower bay [illegible] There are very few [illegible] streets, it being a holiday [illegible] the main streets look like [illegible] town.

Overdue Steamers.

No [illegible] passenger steamers due [illegible] end of the week are in yet. [illegible] vessels include the Paris, [illegible] Bretagne, Anchoria, Spaarndam [illegible] and Gera. A number of [illegible] are also overdue, among them the Allmida, 58 days out from Portland, which is about given up lost with all on board. Probably [illegible] has arrived outside Sandy Hook and is waiting for the blizzard to pass before coming in.

At Boston.

BOSTON, February 13.—The heavy snowstorm which began Saturday increased during the night. This morning high winds were driving the snow into huge drifts. It was 12 degrees [illegible]

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 13.—The storm in this vicinity has assumed the proportions of a blizzard, [illegible] snow in drifts until some of the streets are impassable for the time being. Shipping is at a standstill. A coal famine is imminent in [illegible] Philadelphia for [illegible]

Train Blockade.

WILMINGTON, DEL., February 13.—[illegible] blizzard of last night and this morning completely blockaded the railroad tracks here. [illegible]

PHILADELPHIA, PA., February 13.—The Reading railroad has given [illegible] of the entire abandonment of [illegible] for the present. The Pennsylvania system is moving half [illegible] passenger trains, but [illegible] abandoned.

Below Zero in the South.

ATLANTA, GA., February 13.—[illegible] hovering in the temperature was unprecedented in its severity from the Gulf northward, [illegible] the Atlantic to the western [illegible] the cold wave has [illegible] the lowest temperatures ever known [illegible] lowest point is Annis[illegible] zero, Atlanta 8 below [illegible] than ever before. A week ago it was 72 above. The [illegible] demoralized. Four [illegible] Telegraph and telephone facilities are badly demoralized. [illegible] and Jacksonville [illegible] Following below [illegible] are reported: Nashville 10, Selma, Ala 6, Birmingham [illegible] Columbus, Ga., 4 [illegible] Montgomery, Ala., 3, Mobile 1.

Snowbound.

POTTSVILLE, PA., February 13.—[illegible] is snowbound to the [illegible] feet. The snow has [illegible] manner never before [illegible] railroad traffic is suspended [illegible] few mail trains. The [illegible] are completely tied up.

Storm at Washington.

WASHINGTON, February 13.—The phenominal weather of the past week culminated in a blizzard-like snowstorm today, which broke all records. The temperature record was smashed last week, when 15 below was touched and the snow record has been established. The heavy fall of the past week, 13 inches, was added to since Saturday night, and it is still falling as heavily as at any time since it began, the high winds piling it up in great drifts. The temperature is 10 degrees above. Business is practically suspended. The street cars are running not at all, or so infrequently as to be of little real service. Business in the departments is almost at a standstill, less than half of the force reporting. At noon the treasury department dismissed the employes for the day and other departments, it is said, will follow suit. The paralysis of business is the worst since the blizzard of March, 1888.

Along the Coast.

LEWIS, DEL., February 13.—A terrible blizzard is raging all along the coast. At Cape Henry the velocity of the wind is 60 miles an hour. Shipping is endangered. The storm is equally as severe as the blizzard of 1888, which wrought such awful damage along the coast.

FIRE IN CHICAGO

McClurg & Co. Book House Burned Out—Heavy Loss.

CHICAGO, February 13.—The five story brick building at the northwest corner of Wabash avenue and Madison street, occupied by the book and stationary firm of A. C. McClurg & Co., was, with its contents, totally destroyed by fire Sunday, entailing a loss of nearly $650,000, of which $500,000 was on the stock. McClurg & Co. carried one of the largest stocks of rare old books and manuscripts outside the great libraries, including many volumes which can not be replaced. All these were lost. The fire was started by an explosion of gas which leaked from a pipe on the third floor, and spread with amazing rapidity. Before the fire engine arrived flames were pouring from the second, third and fourth story windows, and in a very short time the floors commenced to fall in and the walls to bulge.

Mandel Bros. suffered a loss of about $10,000, chiefly from water, their basement being flooded. Other losses, consisting of broken plate glass and damage by smoke and water, will probably amount to $2500. McClurg's stock was insured for about $850,000.

TRIAL TO COME

Farmer Odum Indicted for Killing His Son-in-Law Nov. 23.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., February 13.—The grand jury of McLean county has found an indictment on the charge of murder against William Odum of Danvers. This recalls a tragedy and has caused a sensation. The day preceding last Thanksgiving Elmer Munsell, a farmer, aged 21, married Myrtle Odum, aged 18. Thanksgiving night there was a reception at the home of the bride's parents. While a group were joking Munsell because he did not treat to cigars, Odum put a pistol to Munsell's breast, apparently in jest. The pistol was discharged and Munsell was instantly killed. Odum was evidently overcome with grief and attempted suicide. Ten days later he disappeared and nothing of his whereabouts was known. Many believe the killing was intentional. Odum was opposed to his daughter's marrying Munsell and made threats against the latter.

BIG FIRE AT RANTOUL.

KANKAKEE, ILL., Feb. 13.—Fire at Rantoul this morning destroyed the New Commercial hotel, the postoffice, express office, a livery stable, and other buildings. The fire departments from Champaign and Paxton assisted. The flames were finally controlled.

THE WEATHER.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—Illinois: Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday; not so cold; southerly winds.

THE WAR BOARD REPORT

Given to the Public in Book Form—Sharp Criticism for Miles.

Report Showing That He was Derelict of Duty, and That There was No Embalmed Beef—Tribute to the Army.

WASHINGTON, February 13.—The report of "the commission appointed by the president to investigate the conduct of the war department in the war with Spain" was given publicity Sunday night. Exclusive of the testimony, the review and the findings make a book of 125 pages. The three most important chapters are those relating to "refrigerated beef," "canned meats" and "the Santiago campaign."

Secretary Alger.

The secretary of war is not wholly spared from criticism. Upon Secretary Alger the commission bestows this discriminating attention:

"The records of the war department, which have been laid before us, show that the secretary of war extended to all chiefs of bureaus cordial and full support and promptly responded to every proper demand made upon him by commanding officers.

"No testimony has been presented showing intentional neglect of duty nor any attempt to serve personal interests. The charges that the secretary of war was pecuniarily interested in contracts, purchases and other transactions of the war department have been thoroughly examined and found baseless.

"In the judgment of the commision there was lacking in the general administration of the war department during the continuance of the war with Spain that complete grasp of the situation which was essential to the highest efficiency and discipline of the army.

"The commission has refrained from criticising certain of the heads of bureaus for not having acted with foresight in preparing their various departments for active war before war was actually declared, because it has appeared that the national defense fund provided by the act of March 9, 1898, was not made available for use except by the navy and for coast defenses, and the expenditures incident thereto, until after the declaration of war."

Scoring for Miles.

The "embalmed beef" charges are found to have been wholly without foundation, but inferentially General Miles comes in for severe criticism because of a misconception of his relations to the president and secretary of war. Under the caption of "authority and responsibility," the report contains the following:

"For many years the divided authority and responsibility in the war department has produced friction for which, in the interest of the service, a remedy, if possible, should be applied. The constitution makes the president the commander-in-chief of the army, and he can not transfer that authority to any other person. The president selects his secretary of war, who has his confidence, and who is his confidential adviser. The commanding general is assigned to duty as such by the president," the board explaining that the general acts in harmony with the president and secretary of war.

Chapter on Miles.

No part of the report will be read with so much public interest probably as that relating to the charges of General Miles regarding the dressed or refrigerated beef.

The commission visited seventeen towns and nine camps, and has received hundreds of letters and clippings. Examination of the numerous officers and enlisted men had been made as to the quality and condition of the meat issued to the troops. The testimony, with some exceptions, showed that the refrigerated beef issued was pure, sound and wholesome. The question now is not whether, under all circumstances and conditions, this beef can be kept sound. It is liable to decay if kept too long or exposed for a time to the effects of heat and moisture.

"On the 21st day of December last Maj. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, upon written request of the president of this commission, appeared before it. He refused to be sworn, as all other witnesses had been, except one, who affirmed, stating that he would make his statements without being sworn, and was responsible for what he said. He proceeded, and for the first time in the history of this investigation, the allegation was made that refrigerated beef issued to the troops had been chemically treated. In the statement revised by himself General Miles said:

"'There was sent to Porto Rico 337 tons of what is known as so-called refrigerated beef, which you might call embalmed beef.'

"He proceeded to read a communication from Dr. W. H. Daly, major and chief surgeon, United States volunteers, on his staff, bearing date of September 21, 1898, wherein Dr. Daly stated that:

"'In the several inspections I made in the various camps and troopships at Tampa, Jacksonville, Chickamauga and Porto Rico, I found the fresh beef to be apparently preserved with secret chemicals which destroy its natural flavor and which I also believe to be detrimental to the health of the troops.'

"General Miles further said:

"'I don't think that beef such as was sent to Cuba or Porto Rico would be good in any country, in the stomach of any man. If I was furnished for any expedition in this country or any other with such stuff, I would prohibit the men from taking it. I don't know what may have been injected into it. The understanding is that this is a secret process of preserving beef.'

"This last was an answer to a question whether Dr. Daly made a chemical analysis of refrigerated beef. He further said: 'It may be that they are still sending the stuff down there,' meaning Porto Rico. From these quotations it is apparent that General Miles distinctly and unqualifiedly stated that the refrigerated beef furnished to the troops had been chemically treated, or was 'embalmed beef.'

Severe Criticism.

"Of the witnesses examined by this commission, General Miles and Dr. Daly are the only ones who make this charge. General Miles did not state that he personally inspected any refrigerated meat. He did not refer us to any witness who would testify that the beef issued to the troops was embalmed beef, unless his reading of the report made by Dr. Daly to him, the true date of which Dr. Daly stated should have been October 21, 1898, may be considered such a reference.

"Although Dr. Daly swears that he informed General Miles about the 1st of August, 1898, that he suspected that the refrigerated beef was chemically treated, it does not appear that the general informed you or the war department that an officer of his staff had made this discovery, nor does it appear that he at the time ordered any of the officers under his command to probe to the bottom an allegation, which, if true, concerned the health of 275,000 soldiers of the United States.

"It appears from the report of Dr. Daly, which he handed to General Miles October 21 last, that he then specifically stated that the refrigerated beef furnished to the troops was 'apparently' chemically treated. It does not appear that when this charge was made, October 21, it having been already made to him in August, 1898, that General Miles communicated to you or the secretary of war, or to the commissary general, the belief or suspicion entertained by him that refrigerated meat, dangerous to health, was issued every day to the troops, in failure to do which there was dereliction of duty.

Summary.

No chemicals used in preparing refrigerated beef for the use of the army.

General Miles derelict of duty for failure promptly to report Dr. Daly's charge that army beef had been chemically treated.

President should have authority to select his own general in chief.

No corruption in the war department in the purchase of supplies or the letting of any kind of contract.

General administration of the war department lacking in that complete grasp of the situation necessary to the highest efficiency and discipline.

Almost inexcusable lack of executive ability in the handling of trains at Tampa.

Quartermaster general's department to blame for the insufficient transportation facilities from Tampa to Cuba.

Errors of the medical department those of omission rather than of commission, it being pointed out that there were unusually few deaths among the wounded and sick.

Lack of ample and efficient nursing force during May, June and July due to failure to recognize the value of women in that sphere of usefulness.

Work in Adjutant General Corbin's department highly commended.

Inspector General Breckinridge not as efficient as he should have been, a clash of authority between him and Secretary Alger being cited.

Water supply at Camp Thomas unsatisfactory, sanitation bad and practically all conditions at Chickamauga condemned.

Camp at Miami, Fla., unsuitable in all respects, although highly recommended by General Miles.

Camp Alger abandoned "none too soon."

Charges in regard to conditions at Camp Wikoff greatly exaggerated—"intentionally so" in some cases—but time for its preparation for reception of invalid troops too short.

In Conclusion.

In conclusion, the report says:

"The result of the Santiago campaign was the complete realization of the several objects contemplated: The capture of the city with its fortifications and munitions of war, together with immense supplies of food stuffs and ammunition (the former estimated by General Wood at 1,200,000 rations;) the surrender of the entire province of Santiago de Cuba, with all the troops garrisoning the same (amounting, as already stated, to between 23,000 and 24,000;) the destruction by the navy of Admiral Cervera's fleet, after its departure from the harbor, and the general demoralization of the Spanish forces and the discomfiture of the Spanish government and people, leading almost immediately to overtures for peace by Spain. This was accomplished without the loss of a prisoner, a gun or a color, and with a list of casualties aggregating in killed less than 250 and in wounded less than 1400—losses which, in comparison with results, are less than have heretofore occurred in modern warfare.

"It should be added that the total deaths in battle, from wounds and disease from the beginning to the end of the episode, aggregated less than 3000—only a fraction over 1 per cent."

The report closes thus:

"In concluding its labors, it is with much pleasure that the commission reports that, notwithstanding the haste with which the nation entered upon the war with Spain, the resulting and almost inevitable confusion in bureau and camp, the many difficulties of arming, assembling and transporting large bodies of hitherto untrained men, the carrying on of active operations in two hemispheres, the people of the United States should ever be proud of its soldiers, who, co-operating with its sailors, in less than three months put an end to Spanish colonial power, enfranchised oppressed people and taught the world at large the strength and nobility of the great republic."

Continued on Third Page.

FILIPINOS FIGHT IN THE DARK

Another Guerilla Attack on the Americans.

SUMMARY OF THE BATTLES

Twenty-Five Hundred Insurgents Killed, Many Wounded and Thousands of Prisoners Held—Cables from Otis.

MANILA, February 13.—5 A. M.—Pursuing their customary tactics the insurgents on the extreme left opened fire at long range on the American troops last night, maintaining the fire for a few minutes only. None of the shots took effect. The Americans did not reply. The weather at night is now cool and showers are frequent.

Private Meisick of the Montana regiment died yesterday.

ALL QUIET.

WASHINGTON, February 13.—General Otis cabled from Manila this morning: "Everything is quiet. Business in the city is resuming its former activity." He also cables list of deaths from disease since the 4th instant. They number nine, from among the regulars and far western regiments.

FILIPINO LOSS.

MANILA, February 13.—It is now known that the Filipino loss is fully 2500 killed, with wounded vastly in excess of that number, and thousands are held prisoners. All this has been achieved at the cost of 65 Americans killed and 276 wounded. There are 25 Americans missing and unaccounted for. No fewer than 10 of the native villages have surrendered or been captured. Several have been destroyed because their houses harbored men, frequently disguised in female attire, who shot from windows and roofs at the Americans. Many rifles and a ton of ammunition have been seized. As might be expected, there has been looting in the outskirts, but it has not been general and has been done in direct violation of orders.

SUNDAY NEWS.

WASHINGTON, February 13.—The following cablegram was received at the war department Sunday:

"Manila, February 12.—Adjutant General, Washington: It is reported that the insurgent representative at Washington telegraphed Aguinaldo to drive out the Americans before the arrival of re-enforcements. The dispatch was received at Hong Kong and mailed to Malolos, where it was decided that the attack should be made about the 7th inst. Eagerness of the insurgent troops for the engagement precipitated the battle.

"Very quiet today on the lines from Caloocan on the north to Panay on the south.

"Yesterday a small reconnoitering party 12 miles south of this city was fired on and two men slightly wounded. Two insurgents with arms were captured.

"The affair of the 10th by McArthur's division was very successful. The enemy's loss was considerable; have collected 70 dead bodies; more not yet discovered.

"The insurgents are reported to be gathering in force 12 miles north on the railway, but are evidently perplexed. OTIS."

FIRE IN LOGAN COUNTY.

LINCOLN, ILL., Feb. 13.—Fire which visited the town of New Holland near here last night, destroyed half a block of business houses, and rendered several families homeless. The loss not covered by insurance is $3,000.

CARRIED OUT INTO THE LAKE

Rescue of Skaters Who Went Adrift Sunday.

Spent the Night on a Shifting Cake of Ice—A Girl in the Party—All of the Skaters Saved.

CHICAGO, February 13.—Five of the six skaters carried out into Lake Michigan last night by the breaking away of the ice through a change of the wind were rescued this morning. The rescued are Attorney Elmer D. Roberts, his niece and nephew, Orel and Chauncey Manney; George Malloy and J. W. Caron of Lake Forest. Still missing, Arthur Fletcher of Ravenswood.

Captain Fountain of the Chicago Life Saving Station, organized a party of rescuers and proceeded to Roger's Park early this morning. They launched a lifeboat, rowed out two and half miles to where the party on the ice was floating and took them off. They were taken to an adjacent residence and attended by physicians. Miss Manney was wrapped in two big ulsters the men gave her. No serious results are anticipated. Arthur Fletcher was found at his home this morning, so that all are accounted for. It appears that Fletcher saw the Roberts party cut off from shore and he went and got a boat and spent most of the night hunting for them. Both of his feet were frozen.

GETTING WARMER.

The Temperature was 13 Below This Morning but Much Warmer at Noon.

There was quite a relief from the cold weather today. Early this morning the temperature was 13 degrees below zero, but during the day the sun came out and it was much warmer. At noon the mercury registered 12 degrees above, which was the warmest since the beginning of the cold spell. Today was much warmer than Sunday. At an early hour Sunday morning it was 21 degrees below zero, but got a little warmer during the day.

CONVICTED OF BIGAMY.

Rev. John F. McReynolds was Tried and Sentenced to the Penitentiary.

Rev. John F. Reynolds was tried in the Sangamon county circuit court at Springfield on a charge of bigamy, found guilty and sentenced to the penitentiary.

He was a member of Company E, 5th infantry, and while with his command at Chickamauga he married Miss Alice K. Larner, a nurse at the Sisters' hospital, notwithstanding he had two living wives, one in Colorado, the other in this county.

Reynolds married a sister of Lee S. Hall of this city.

Mrs. Spinner Arrested.

Deputies Hewes and Wilson this morning arrested Mrs. Mary Spinner, who resides in the northeast part of the city, on an indictment charging her with living in open adultery. She was brought to the county jail.

Eggs are Higher.

The price of eggs has gone up within the past few days until now the wholesalers are paying 24½ cents per dozen for them. The cause of the increase of price is the cold weather, which has greatly lessened the supply.

Skating on the River.

There is good skating on the river in the neighborhood of Riverside park. The street car company has had the ice cleaned off for the benefit of those who wish to skate.

Good Skating.

The street car company has cleared the snow off the river in the vicinity of the boat landing and excellent skating is to be found there.

—Thursday night will be Ladies' Night at the Decatur club.

Incandescent Gas Lamps...

The "Whaleback" Incandescent Gas Lamps—guaranteed as good as "Welsbach"—complete and ready for attachment..... 50c

These Lamps are used in our Basement Salesroom

Extra mantels to fit Welsbach or any other Incandescent Gas Lamp 18c
Extra Chimneys, "Macbeths,"... 8c
Extra Shades 13c
Mica Chimneys.....10c

LINN & SCRUGGS
Wholesale & Retail Co.

$20,000 DAMAGES

Suit of John Hamilton, Crippled by Electricity,

ON TRIAL IN CIRCUIT COURT

Will be Similar to the Electric Case—The Common Law Docket was Set Till March 6.

There was a short session of the circuit court this morning when a few motions were heard and then an adjournment was taken until afternoon, when the common law docket was reset. The cases set will occupy the time of the court until March 6.

The case of John Richard Hamilton by his next friend, etc., va. the City Electric Railway Co. et al, was started this afternoon. The Hamilton boy was crippled for life by an electric wire when the Lee boy was killed and the case will be much the same as the Lee case. Damages to the extent of $20,000 are asked for against the City Electric Railway Co., the City of Decatur and the two telephone companies. Shelly Bros. & Gibson and I. A. Buckingham represent the plaintiff. The other lawyers are the same as in the other case. This afternoon an effort was being made to secure a jury.

Born.

To Mr. and Mrs. George DeLong of Riverside Place on Sunday, February 12, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. John White of 1336 East North street on Monday, February 13, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Smith of 716 Whitmer street on Sunday, February 12, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Thaddeus Mitchell of 843 North Railroad avenue on Saturday, February 11, a daughter.

MURDER AT CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 13.—Jacob Gerbrandt, night foreman at the Hunt Stamping Works, was found dead in the boiler room this morning. He had been stabbed through the heart. Valuables on the body were untouched. The only clew is a woman's knit facinator found lying near the body.

STOCK STARVING IN OREGON.

LONG CREEK, ORE., Feb. 13.—Thousands of range horses are said to be starving to death in eastern Oregon. Cattle and sheep buyers who have recently visited that city say that every section they visited with few exceptions the owners of both horses and cattle despaired of saving more than a small percentage of their stock.

BOWLING NEWS.

Cigarmakers Have a Picnic at the Nees Alley.

The Reddick and Keck cigarmakers had a sharp tussle at ten pins Saturday evening at the Nees alleys and Reddick's invincibles won out by a majority of 62. The scores were:

Reddick's Team—Wallace 70, 86, 91; Hambrecht 100, 114, 116; Schlem 92, 76, 79; Gile 119, 120, 126; Reddick 80, 93, 152. Total 1514.

Keck's Team—Yaeck 107, 109, 90; Walser 140, 118, 126; Boberts 75, 47, 79; Heinrich 87, 97, 91; Keck 103, 82, 100. Total 1452.

Tonight the Ups and Downs of the Bradley Bros. store will meet at the Nees alleys.

Exchange Board.

The board of the North Main Street Woman's Exchange will meet with Mrs. R. P. Lytle on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock.

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using De Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. H. W. Ball, N. L. Kronz, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

Missionary Meeting.

The members of the Epworth League of Grace Methodist church will hold a gospel missionary meeting this evening at the church. Rev. Randall will be leader and the meeting will be of interest to those who attend.

—Mrs. J. D. Miller left on Saturday night for Indianapolis, where she will take charge of the annex at the Indianapolis Wholesale Millinery company's establishment.

—Mrs. C. L. Griswold and Mrs. T. Kyle Bohon will entertain the Euchre club at the home of Mrs. Griswold on West Main street this evening.

—G. Wallace Graham of Brooklyn, N. Y., accompanied by his wife and daughter, will arrive in the city for a visit with his brother, John W. Graham of West Main street, en route to the south.

KNOCKOUT BLOW

Attempted by Springfield Athletic Club.

GAVE DECATUR A BAD DEAL

By Advertising a Boxing Contest for Night Before Decatur Carnival of Sports—It Won't Make Any Difference.

The carnival of sport which is to be given at the opera house next Thursday by the Decatur Athletic club is to be the biggest affair in the sporting line that has ever taken place in the city. In fact it is about the only entertainment of the kind that the people have had an opportunity to attend and for the reason of its novelty it will no doubt be well attended, in spite of the fact that the Springfield Athletic club has arranged a similar entertainment for the night before, and attempted to secure the patronage of the Decatur sports.

It was expected that there would be a special train from Springfield to bring from that city those who wished to attend the Decatur entertainment, but of course the fact that the Springfield club has arranged a boxing contest for the night before will seriously interfere with many coming from that city to Decatur.

The Springfield club has lately given several boxing contests and on two such occasions the Decatur sports have done their share in making the undertaking a success by attending. Peter Washer, who is managing the carnival for the Decatur Athletic club, ran on both occasions a special train from Decatur and took with him a large party to help swell the crowd for the Springfield club. It was understood that the Springfield sports were to return the favor and come to Decatur on Thursday evening, but instead the club has done the very opposite thing and advertised a contest for the night before, and moreover sent bills to the city hoping to secure patronage from the Decatur people. Most of those who went to Springfield to attend the contests and who are interested sufficiently to hope to see the Decatur entertainment a success are a little sore and feel that they are not getting a square deal. The advertising matter which was sent to Decatur has not been posted in many places and some who received bills sent them back again, feeling that the Springfield club was not doing the right thing.

Manager Washer says that he has no fears that the Springfield show will affect his entertainment and he has one of the Springfield bills hanging up in his place of business. It is not likely that anyone will go from Decatur to Springfield on Wednesday night.

The Decatur entertainment will consist of a tug of war between the Turners and the High school boys and fancy club swinging by Prof. Chamberlain. There will be four boxing contests: R. W. Meech will act as referee and Fred Wismer will be announcer. The entertainment will be given under the direction of the Decatur Athletic club, of which R. I. Tobey and C. J. Klein are directors.

Bennett-Walston Wedding.

The statement made in other column in regard to the marriage of Miss Anna Walston and Mr. John Bennett, assistant trainmaster of the Wabash of Decatur, is incorrect as to the date. The marriage will occur at St. John's Episcopal church on Saturday, March 25, at 3:30 o'clock. Following the ceremony the couple will leave at once for a western trip and will locate permanently in Decatur.

School Entertainment.

The concert given on Sunday evening by the school children of St. James' German Catholic church was well attended. A splendid program was rendered and those in attendance well entertained. The affair was quite creditable to the children.

The Grip Cure That Does Cure.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets removes the cause that produces La Grippe. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each Tablet.

The Golden Crown Camp 129, E. N. A., are planning to give a Washington party and ball on the eve of February 22. The place where it is to be held will be announced later. Chairman of Committee.

Sprained Her Ankle.

Mrs. George W. Jenkins met with an accident today at her home on West William street. She was sweeping off the front steps when she slipped and fell, spraining her ankle. As a result she will be confined to her home for several days.

SORE LUNGS

Sore lungs, pain in the chest and painful breathing, the forc-runners of pneumonia, are quickly relieved and cured by the old reliable Dr. John W. Ball's Cough Syrup. It breaks up a cold in one night. Try it at once.

Dr. Ball's COUGH SYRUP

Will quickly heal Sore Lungs.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Darkness permanent 25. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

HEAVY WINTER UNDERWEAR

—AT—

A Big Discount.

One lot of Men's Camel's Hair Shirts and Drawers—slightly soiled—regular price 50c, reduced to, a garment..... 25c

Men's Natural Grey Wool Shirts and Drawers, regular $1.00 quality, for, garment..... 75c

Twenty dozen Men's Light Wool Socks at 10c pair.

Fifteen dozen Men's Heavy Shaker Socks at 18c pair.

One lot Children's Heavy All Wool Natural Gray Shirts and Pants, slightly soiled, at just..... Half Price

Ladies' Heavy Fleeced Vests and Pants at 20c each.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Tights, in Ecru only, at 18c pair.

Children's Ribbed Cashmere Hose, all sizes, at 15c pair.

One lot Ladies' Ribbed Fancy Scotch Wool Leggins, regular value, $1.00, for, pair..... 50c

Blanket Sale.

Fifty Pairs of White and Gray All Wool Blankets, worth $3.00 a pair, for..... $1.98

Our entire lot of COMFORTS AND BLANKETS to be Closed Out at Correspondingly Low Prices.

Bradley Bros
CLOTHIERS & FURNISHERS
Decatur Ill.

POWERS' GRAND OPERA HOUSE

J. F. GIVEN, Manager.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 13th.

DAVID BELASCO'S

—Great International Success—

THE HEART OF MARYLAND

A Play of Great Merit—A Marvel in Stagecraft.

(Under the personal direction of the author.)

Presented by

David Belasco's Company.

The Novel and Realistic Belfry Scene. Strong Situations. Exciting Climax.

300 Nights in New York, 80 Nights in Chicago. 72 Nights in Boston. 50 Nights Philadelphia 100 Nights at Adelphi Theater, London, Eng

—PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00—

Seats on sale at the Opera House drug store

POWERS' GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. F. GIVEN, Manager.

Tuesday and Wednesday, Feb. 14 and 15.

Beach & Bowers'

—FAMOUS—

MINSTRELS.

And Finest Uniformed Band in the World.

30-Distinguished Artists-30

A Vast Organization. Beyond question Greater, Better and Superior to all Minstrels of the past and present, making it an ideal and Real Mobilization of all

Monarchs of the Minstrel World!

Absolutely an entire change of program since our last visit. Watch for our Grand Uniformed Band. Street Parade at 11:30 a. m.

PRICES—10, 20 & 30c

FREE....

PALATABLE

DISTILLED WATER.

Bring your bottle and get all you want.

Decatur Bottling Works,

Cor. S. Broadway and E. Cantrell.

....SPECIAL....

Our Mr. J. W. Race is now in New York and will purchase the largest stock of Clothing, Hats and Gent's Furnishings ever brought to Decatur.

All heavy weight goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices to make room for Spring Goods soon to arrive.

Race Clothing Mf'g Company,

129–135 North Water Street.

J. B. Bullard,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
SYNDICATE BLOCK, NORTH MAIN ST.

A WHITE ELEPHANT...

May be a valuable possession, but not to you. Our SUITS AND OVERCOATS will be more valuable and will not prove an elephant on your hands.

At present time we are unloading at REAL BARGAINS, to close out, all our Heavy Weight Suits and Overcoats.

Men's $5 and $6 Suits.....	$3.85
Men's $6.50, $7 and $8 Suits.....	4.90
Men's $9, $9.50 and $10 Suit.....	6.75
Men's $12 Suit.....	8.50
Men's $15 Suit.....	9.75
Men's $18 Suit.....	12.75

Men's Pant Sale...

Winter Weight—Prices the Lowest you ever bought them for.

Men's $5.00 and $6.00 Pants.....	$3.95
Men's $4.00 and $4.50 Pants.....	$2.95
Men's $3.50 and $3.75 Pants.....	$2.60
Men's $3.00 and $2.50 Pants.....	$2.15
Men's $2.00 and $2.25 Pants.....	$1.60

OTTENHEIMER & CO.,

The Reliable Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers.

MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK.

The ARCADE.

Make Money by Trading Here.

Opening New Spring Goods.

Cleaning Out the Winter Goods.

New Percales, yard 5c.

We have just received a shipment of fine percales, patterns not to be duplicated this season. These goods are worth 8c, light and dark styles, mostly dark grounds for shirt waists and children's dresses, blue and fancy effects, yard 5c.

New Ducks, yard 10c.

Large line of these goods in solids, stripes and checks, navy and blacks, will be especially good for early spring skirts, yard 10c.

New Piques, yard 12½c.

The latest novelty in 99 Piques has arrived, a very fashionable fabric comes in light and dark styles, in stripes and hard dots, at yard 12½c.

Jeweled Side Combs, 25c.

Fancy jeweled Side Combs, a dozen styles.

Men's Work Gloves, 50c.

Any glove at a cheap, flimsy affair that will last only about a week. It is made of genuine calf palm, has the talent to sweat in, is Asbestos tan, stitched and waterproof and is the best glove for general purposes that is made. Its worth 75c, here 50c.

Men's Felt Boots, $1.69.

We have a few cases of men's felt boots as some dealers are anxious to close them out, and we are anxious to close them out at a good snap and we make the price to you, $1.69.

Men's Arctics, $1.19.

Men's good quality (not the cheap worthless kind) arctics, will give good service, regular price $1.19

Boys' arctics, Misses' arctics, 75c.

Boys' Felt Boots, $1.49.

Our stock of boys' felt boots, worth $2 and more, to close now at $1.49.

Cups and Saucers, Set 29c.

Imported China cups and saucers plain, white, most everybody gets 50c a set, here set 29c.

New Ginghams, 10c.

New and dainty styles in dress ginghams, in medium and light styles, the same as Parkhill goods, yard, 10c.

Corded Zephyrs, 15c.

Corded zephyr ginghams, the newest and prettiest of the spring wash goods, look like 25c goods, for 15c.

Cotton Coverts, yard 12½c.

A new lot of those cotton covert cloths make very serviceable skirts and many are used for boys' dresses, wear and wash well, very serviceable, in medium and dark mixtures, yard, 12½c.

New Plaids, yard 15c.

A small shipment of new double fold plaids, in the very prettiest styles for waists and children's dresses, granite effects and yard, 15c.

Grocery Dep't.

GRANULATED SUGAR.
The best standard make.
18 POUNDS FOR $1.00.

POTATOES.
Fine, solid, Minnesota Burbanks, worth 10 cents a bushel more than the peddler potatoes, per bushel
ONLY 50 CENTS.

KANASOTA FLOUR.
The best spring wheat flour that is sold in the city, none better at any price. 50 pound sacks, ONLY $1.05

PRUNES.
Big fat raisin cured California, run 40c to 50c to the pound. Per pound
ONLY 10 CENTS.

LEMONS.
Big, smooth waxey Messinas, as fine as is sold anywhere for thirty cents a dozen; our price per dozen,
ONLY 21 CENTS.

MOCHA AND JAVA COFFEE.
Warranted as fine as any thirty-five cent coffee sold in the city, our price per pound,
ONLY 25 CENTS.

GOLDEN RIO COFFEE.
This was for years our leading twenty-five cent coffee; now per pound,
ONLY 20 CENTS.

CRACKERS, SODA AND OYSTER.
The same grade as all small grocers get ten cents a pound for, per pound.
ONLY 6 CENTS.

Only one life to live,
Only one stomach to use,
Therefore put only the best into them both.

You Buy THE BEST Groceries

—AT—

HEILMAN'S, Lincoln Square.

LOCAL NEWS.

Smoke the Little Joker—5 cent cigar

Geo. W. Ehrhart loans money on any goods. Collateral, best rates. mch22-tf

You pay a little more for the clothes that Denz makes but—

California fruits at Giessner's, 148 East Prairie.

Over 100 miles of telegraph wires run through the sewers of Paris.

Before having your rooms papered call at W. C. Pluck & Son's and see their line of wall paper, 109 East North street.—6-d1mo

A costumer from Peoria will be at the St. Nicholas hotel after 11 a. m. tomorrow to rent costumes to those who wish to attend the Turner masquerade.—13 1t

When men are pure, laws are useless; when men are corrupt, they are broken.—Disraeli.

The Ladies' Aid society of Grace M. E. church will hold a valentine reception in the lecture room of the church tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon, Feburary 14, from 2 to 5 o'clock. Refreshments served. Every lady member of the church and congregation is urged to be present.

W. R. C.

Regular meeting of the Woman's Relief Corps at the G. A. R. hall on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Deputies Wanted.

Home Guardian of America; fraternal insurance; no membership fee; cash commissions. Address Charles Whitmer, Supreme Secretary, Sterling, Illinois.—10-d3t

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman. Trial bottles 10c, at J. E King's and C. F. Shilling's drug stores

For Mrs. Vandyn.

Mrs. D. L. Barnett will entertain at cards at her home on North Main street on Tuesday afternoon, February 14, in honor of her guest, Mrs. Vandyn of Quincy.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. E. King and C. F. Shilling.

Sales of Real Estate.

S. A. Friedman to Charles M. Wright, 37½ feet off the south side of lot 1 and all of lots 2 to 11 inclusive, in block 2 of Long's addition to Marca; $500.

For La Grippe.

Thomas Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash-av., corner Jackson st., one of Chicago's oldest and most prominent druggists, recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for la grippe, as it not only gives a prompt and complete relief, but also counteracts any tendency of la grippe to result in pneumonia. For sale by H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

Salvation Army.

The members of the Salvation Army are making arrangements for a special meeting February 21. Brigadier General Taft and Superintendent of Social Work Keast will be present to speak. The meeting will probably be held in one of the churches.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

POWERS' GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
J. F. GIVEN, Manager.

FRIDAY NIGHT ONLY,
FEB. 17.

Return of Last Season's Big Success,

"AT PINEY RIDGE."

A Drama of Pathos, Tears, Smiles, and Rugged, Honest Comedy.

Presented by the author, MR. DAVID HIGGINS, supported by Miss Georgia Waldron and a Superb Company.

A Carload of Special Scenery and Electrical Effects.

—PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.—

Sale of Seats opens at the Opera House Drug Store on Wednesday morning.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Burrows of Dalton City were the guests of Decatur friends.

Mrs. Harry E. Hamsher entertained the Saturday Afternoon Euchre club at her home in Millikin Place.

—Miss Blanche Elliott has returned to her home at Logansport after a visit with Mrs. C. S. Needham.

—Miss Jennie Badenhausen of Ann Arbor is the guest of her parents and will remain during the interval between the semesters at the university.

—Mr. Neichbour, buyer for the Linn & Scruggs store, and Mrs. Harrison, the head of the millinery department of the store, left Saturday for New York to purchase spring goods.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Conklin will leave this week for Palm Beach, Fla., where they will remain until spring is thoroughly settled in nois. They expect to make a trip Cuba, visiting Havana and Santiago, before returning home.

—Mrs. Effie Kennedy, whose house was burned on Tuesday, has taken the King property on North Main street and will remove what few of her household goods that were saved from the fire into her new home this week Since the fire Mrs. Kennedy and daughter Hazel have been the guests of Mrs. J. T. Finley of West Main street, and her sons, Bertrand and George, are also with friends. Mrs. Kennedy's friends of the First Baptist church, Woman's club, W. R. C. and other orders of which she is a member have put their homes at her disposal and in many ways have shown evidences of their friendship and interest.

DEATH OF REV. MR. KELLAM.

Father of Charles T. Kellam and Mrs. M. E. Kerr, of This City.

Rev. James A. Kellam died at his home in Mt. Vernon, Ohio, Wednesday morning, February 8, 1899, in his 87th year. He was the father of Mrs. M. E. Kerr and Charles T. Kellam of this city and of Mrs. J. D. Templeton, who until recently, lived here; also of two sons living in Ohio, all of whom were with him except Mrs. Kerr, who has been ill and not able to go. He was one of the best known ministers of central and northern Ohio, having been in the Methodist conference for 64 years and in the active service 52 years and held the highest respect and esteem of all who knew him. The funeral was held from the Methodist church in Mt. Vernon, Ohio, Friday, February 10, 1899, at 2 p. m. and the ministers of the district took entire charge.

THE STAGE.

FINE PLAY TONIGHT.

The masterpiece of effective dramatic authorship, David Belasco's "The Heart of Maryland," will be given at the Grand tonight. The playgoers to whom Mr. Belasco's name and plays have long been familiar, now have an opportunity of witnessing in "The Heart of Maryland," a drama in which the romance of woman's love illumines the realism of a story in which the interest is as continuous as the characters engaged in its narration are typically individualized. The picturesque scenic settings are the same which illustrated it during its American and English tours.

MINSTRELS

The Beach & Bowers minstrels appear Tuesday and Wednesday nights. You cannot afford to miss the feast of music and fun Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

COMING.

The Decatur Athletic club will be the attraction on Thursday night, February 16.

"At Piney Ridge" will be seen Friday night, February 17.

Reception for Superintendent.

The members of the church and Sunday school of College street chapel will give a reception in honor of the new Sunday school superintendent, T. C. McIntyre, this evening at the chapel. The following committee: have been appointed for the occasions

Reception—Capt. R. P. Lytle, A. H. Beck, Louise Mark and Mrs. J. W. Gilbert.

Program—Miss Lulu Jones, Mrs. J. K. Love.

Refreshments—Mrs. H. B. Lewis, Mrs. Baldwin Dennis, Mrs. J. J. Collier, Mrs. Flack, Mrs. W. R. Guard.

Mrs. Florence McConnell will read and there will be musical selections.

Cannibalism in Ancient Egypt.

Remains of the dead recently found by the explorer and archeologist Petrie in Egypt go to make it probable that the flesh of the dead was eaten by the mourners as a part of the funeral ceremony. In a well-preserved wooden coffin were found the bones of a human being from which the flesh had been removed, undoubtedly before burial. The eating of the flesh, it is presumed, was done with the idea that some of the good qualities of the deceased passed to the survivors.—Youth's Companion.

Thought Alike.

Maud—Funny what curious eyes some people have! I showed my new photograph to the Nellisons to-day. He said it was awfully pretty, and she said it didn't look a bit like me.

Edith—So it seems that husband and wife can think alike, doesn't it?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Charles Clement, Sr., an old resident of Coles county, died at Oakland.

THE WAR BOARD REPORT

Continued from First Page.

ALGER IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 13.—Secretary of War Alger, who was interviewed here today, said the war department desired and expected a full investigation of the charges that unwholesome beef had been supplied the army. "The war department is being investigated," said the secretary. "We want to give the investigators a free hand. If anything is wrong we want to know it. If anything was sold to the government that should not have been sold, it should be found out. If the beef packers are guilty they ought to be brought to the book."

SCRAP IN SENATE

Wrangle Over Alleged Snap-Judgment in Filipino Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—In the Senate to-day a wrangle occurred over the agreement to vote on the McEnery Philippine resolution, Tuesday, Senator Platt, of Connecticut, and others saying that snap-judgment had been taken, others denying this.

After much recrimination the matter ended with the agreement for a vote on McEnery's resolution to-morrow still in force. A consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill was begun.

House.

On account of the storm Speaker Reed sent word that he thought it better to adjourn. Less than one hundred members were present, but they refused to adjourn, and continued the consideration of the sundry civil bill.

DEWEY'S THE MAN

Office of Admiral Created by the U. S. Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The Senate to-day passed a bill creating the office of Admiral of the Navy. Rear Admiral Dewey, it is understood, will be named for the office.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—Receipts of hogs 2700; active, five to ten cents higher; light three seven ninety-five; mixed seventy, four even. Heavy seventy-four five.

Cattle.—13000; strong to ten higher. Beeves four ten, six even. Stockers feeders three fifty, four sixty-five: cows, heifers, twenty five, four eighteen.

Sheep.—Fourteen thousand; strong to higher.

Shoe Store Sold.

The Freeman shoe store on Merchant street has been sold to C. E. Rogers and Mr. Clark of Lincoln, who will take possession of the place on Wednesday. The new owners are experienced shoe men and expect to run an up to date store and will increase their stock of goods.

Mr. S. A. Fackler, editor of the Micanopy (Fla.,) Hustler, with his wife and children suffered terribly from La Grippe. One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for La Grippe, and its exhausting after effects. Never fails. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

It Was Good.

Saturday night the "Jack and the Beanstalk" comic opera company had a large audience at the Grand. The performance was a big success in every respect. The company is filling an engagement this week at the Olympic, St. Louis.

Fatigue causes a poisoned condition of the blood. If the blood of a fatigued animal be injected into another animal that is untatigued, all the symptoms of fatigue will be produced.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

·DR·
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

Awarded
Highest Honors, World's Fair
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

PECULIAR POISONS

Generated in the Human Body—The Result of Imperfect Digestion of Food.

Every living thing, plant or animal, contains within itself the germs of certain decay and death.

In the human body these germs of death (called by scientists Ptomaines), are usually the result of imperfect digestion of food; the result of indigestion or dyspepsia.

The stomach, from abuse, weakens, does not promptly and thoroughly digest the food. The result is a heavy, sodden mass which ferments (the first process of decay) poisoning the blood, making it thin, weak and lacking in red corpuscles: poisoning the brain causing headaches, pain in the eyes.

Bad digestion weakens the heart, causing palpitation and finally bringing on disease of this very important organ.

Poor digestion poisons the kidneys, causing bright's disease and diabetes.

And this is so because every organ, every nerve depends upon the stomach alone for nourishment and renewal, and weak digestion shows itself not only in loss of appetite and flesh, but in weak nerves and muddy complexion.

The great English scientist, Huxley, said the best start in life is a sound stomach. Weak stomachs fail to digest food properly, because they lack the proper quantity of digestive acids (lactic and hydrochloric) and pepto-genic products: the most sensible remedy in all cases of indigestion, is to take after each meal one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply in a pleasant, harmless form all the elements that weak stomachs lack.

The regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure any form of stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach.

They increase flesh, insure pure blood, strong nerves, bright eye and clear complexion, because all these result only from wholesome food well digested.

Nearly all druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cents full sized package or by mail by enclosing price to Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich., but ask your druggist first. A little book on stomach diseases mailed free. Address Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

SCENE FROM "THE HEART OF MARYLAND" ACT I. "MY ENEMY—MY LOVE."
At the Grand tonight.

Bethesda—The American Water.

This celebrated water is bottled at Bethesda Mineral Spring, Waukesha, Wis., and is put up in sealed half-gallon bottles and shipped all over the land in car load lots. Millions of these bottles are used every year and thousands of people are being cured of Bright's Disease, diabetes and kindred kidney diseases. It is prescribed and endorsed by eminent physicians and praised by all who have used it. Write for booklet. BETHESDA MINERAL SPRING Co., A. M. Jones, President, Waukesha, Wis.

Death of Miss Helton.

Friends in the city have received notice of the death of Miss Gertrude Helton at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. Helton of Atwood on Wednesday, of heart disease. Miss Helton was well known in Decatur. Mrs. Hughes, wife of Superintendent Hughes of the public schools of Sullivan is her sister. The funeral was held today. Burial was at Mackville cemetery.

T. P. A. Minstrels.

Those who are to take part in the T. P. A. minstrels will meet this evening for rehearsal. The rehearsals will be held every Monday and Thursday evening on the first floor of the Woman's club building. The entertainment is to be given the latter part of March.

The Sure La Grippe Cure.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, in fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at J. E. King's and C. F. Shilling's drug stores.

It is a misfortune to have to maneuver one's heart as a general has to maneuver his army.—Alex. Smith

Lingering La Grippe Cough Cured.

Mr. G. Vacher, 157 Osgood St., Chicago: My wife had a severe case of la grippe three years ago and it left her with a very bad cough. She tried a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and it gave immediate relief. One bottle cured her cough entirely. Now we are never without a bottle of this wonderful cough medicine in the house. 25c and 50c. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

Daily Republican

S. K. HAMSHER. | W. F. CALHOUN.

HAMSHER & CALHOUN, Prop'rs

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at Decatur as second class mail matter

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Mail, postage paid, one year.....$5.00
Delivered by carrier in any part of city
Per week, 10 cents; Yearly, in advance..$5.00
Postal card requests, or orders through telephone No. 43, will secure early attention of carriers in any district.
Address THE EVENING REPUBLICAN, 128 East Water Street, Decatur, Illinois

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1899.

LINCOLN AND McKINLEY.

Senator Jones of Arkansas is only a trimmer in politics. With him the question is, not which is the most patriotic, but which will be most embarrassing to the government, because the opposition is in power, yet those who undertake to defend the course of the 27 senators who voted against the treaty class Jones with those who stand for liberty and self-government. As a representative of these sacred principles hear him. He is now opposing the army bill, claiming that all that is necessary is to give the president power to increase the regular army for a period of 15 months, sufficient to replace the volunteers that will be mustered out. In that period he says "there will be time enough to kill all the Filipinos that the policy of the administration may want to get rid of to establish American supremacy." This is not the language of a partiot. It is the trifling of a low down drivelling partisan, who cannot rise above the plane of a sneak and a demagogue. The president, Jones would have us believe, is killing the Filipinos. Through the conduct of Jones and his 26 associates, who tried to turn back the wheels of destiny, encouraged the Filipinos to attack the Americans at Manila. Would it have suited Jones' patriotism had General Otis' army, when attacked, stood still and permitted the Filipinos to shoot them and hack them to pieces and disgrace the American flag? That army did not do this, but on the contrary proceeded to whip the misguided Filipinos and teach them a lesson, and for this, this Arkansas mosstebank charges them, over the president's shoulders, of wantonly killing the Filipinos. It is a disgrace to the nation that a constituency tolerates such a man in the United States Senate. It was such men as Jones who, for no better reason, and as destitute of patriotism, in the 60's, charged President Lincoln with killing American citizens when he was putting down a rebellion against the government. In those days such paltroons were called copperheads and they are fitly so characterized now. They were the men who encouraged the enemy and caused the loss of hundreds of thousands of American lives by their unpatriotic and vicious conduct, and then blamed Abraham Lincoln for the slaughter. The same class of men are now encouraging the enemies of the government to fire on our troops and then blame President McKinley for it. This is so plain a fact that it needs no argument to sustain it. The people accept it and grasp it intuitively and yet there are those who say they stand for liberty, as there were imbeciles in the 60's, who seconded the claim of the traitors of that day, that they stood for liberty. But 35 years from that day how does the account stand?

Who is there to stand up for the exploited honor and patriotism of the maligners of Lincoln? Where is the copperhead of that day in history? Everybody tries to forget his infamy. He tries to forget it himself. He has no defender. No man even goes so far as to say even that he was honest in his convictions. The man who takes up arms against his government may be honest in his convictions, but no man who draws a salary as representative from the government and is under the oath of a public servant is honest who aids the enemy to stab the government in the back and when he beholds the blood flow charges the crime upon a president who is doing all in his power for the honor of his country.

Lincoln lives in history but the mandlin, loathsome partisan who fought the government, because Lincoln was not of his political faith, has had the mantle of obscurity placed over him. No man, even those who only opposed the administration then, made a record for statesmanship. Not five of them can now be named by the most intelligent school boy. These men are forgotten because it is conceded that President Lincoln was doing all in his power, in his way, to save the union. He was entitled to the support of all who favored the maintenance of the union. He received that support. Those who opposed him cared nothing for the union. They only sought to break down the party in power, no matter what became of the union.

The same silence in history awaits the 27 senators who opposed the peace treaty. Not one of them, on the proposition in hand, in 20 years from now will be considered as even approaching the stature of statesmen and if living then they will want to bury the past. On the other hand President McKinley will live in history for what he did in the crisis we are now passing through. Our army is legitimately in the Philippines. A treaty of peace was agreed to by commissioners representing Spain and the United States, which lodges for the present the sovereignty of the Philippines in the United States, and every vote against the treaty was factious or partisan, purely, and was cast to embarrass the president who is trying to uphold the dignity of the nation. No statesman was ever a pullback. That faculty belongs to small and prejudiced men. The statesmen of every age and every nation were men who led their nation forward and not backward, and history jealousy guards this fact.

STATING UNTRUTH.

The enemies of the administration are diligently asserting that they are opposed to the president's policy in the Philippines with the view of misleading the people. Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet and was reinforced by the army under General Merritt. Dewey and that army took Manila. We were at war with Spain and the attack in the Philippines was legitimate. Having broken down Spanish sovereignty in the Philippines when the protocol was signed, the treaty of peace must provide for restoring sovereignty to Spain or transferring it to the United States or abandoning the Philippines to Anarchy. The treaty placed the sovereignty in the United States. Twenty-seven senators voted against the treaty and they are the gentlemen who talk about the president's policy. It has not been necessary for the president to announce a policy. He has not done so but has distinctly stated that the future of those islands will be determined by Congress. This is the regular order and the pullbacks knew it as well as anybody and when they ascribe a policy to the president they misstate the facts to defend their own treachery and party prejudices or factionalism. There is no defense for them. There is no defense for the late conduct of the Filipinos and the country recognizes this. It is the president's duty to maintain the present conditions in the Philippines. No policy is necessary to that end and hence when Filipino or Spaniard undertakes to interfere he gets licked, that is all.

The fighting on the part of the American generals about Manila reminds one of the days of '64 and '65, when there was system and splendid tactics in the fighting. General Otis' order, when the field officers reported all ready, was "Go on with the program," and the enemy's works were turned.

Agoncillo says his friends will remain in Washington until they are ordered out. Does he mean the 27 pullback senators? They will not be ordered out, but the American people will give them the "marble heart" as the boys call it.

Gen. Harrison Gray Otis, who commands a brigade at Manila, was formerly an Ohio man and served in the same regiment with Major McKinley in the civil war—the 23d Ohio infantry. The Otises seem to be all right.

The French revision bill has been adopted and unless some other hitch intervenes to prevent it Dreyfus, if he lives long enough, may have an opportunity to defend himself against the consequences of a lot of forgers.

It may be difficult to put the proper pronunciation to the word Caloocan, but there can be no difficulty in understanding that the Filipinos got the grand bounce when the ball opened.

General Otis, like Admiral Dewey, is giving the administration no concern. Both co-operating are reliable and fully able to meet all demands of the situation.

Some fellow proposes to make the trip from San Francisco to Manila alone in a small boat. Why not order General Miles to make the trip in his porcelain bath tub.

What's the matter with removing General Embalmed Beef Miles and giving General Otis command of the army.

General Miles is too limited in power to get up trouble in that part of the army in Manila and its a good thing for that army, too.

Gen. Elwell S. Otis, in command at Manila, was born in Maryland and went to West Point from New York.

Contradictory.

"Did I understand you," said the imposing and handsome lady caller, "that marriage is a civil contract?"

"Nothing is better settled, madam," replied the lawyer whom she was consulting.

"Then I desire you to proceed against my husband at once for a breach of contract."

"But on what ground, my dear lady?"

"He hasn't been civil to me an hour since we were married."—Detroit Free Press.

Same Thing.

Smith—What are you doing with your war correspondents, now that the war is over?

Editor Cutting—They are writing up marriages and football games.—N. Y. Journal.

Dwight E. Frink, a Bloomington newspaper artist and writer, and Miss [illegible] daughter of George [illegible]

What it Does

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters cures malaria and bilious attacks. It cures nervous prostration and exhaustion. It makes the nerves strong. It makes rich, red blood, firm flesh, solid, muscle and healthy fibre. It invigorates the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys. It is a tonic. **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters**

REFINED TORTURE

It is on the Decrease in Decatur Now —A Citizen Explains Why.

Year in and year out many of our citizens have struggled along bearing unnecessary burdens of the back, seeking relief from sources where it could not be found, suffering the refined torture that goes with a refined back. The little conqueror has brought about a wondrous change, and from all parts come the same report. Hundreds of grateful citizens hasten to endorse the good work and so speak publicly of their own personal benefit, read what

Mr. C. W. Carter of 1440 East Condit street, says: "Nine years ago I had a paralytic stroke which affected my limbs so that I couldn't walk and it also left my kidneys in a weak condition. I had a second shock which still further weakened my kidneys, and since then I have had no control whatever over them as the secretions were much too frequent in action and contained a brick dust sediment. Now, I don't mean to convey the impression that Doan's Kidney Pills restored the use of my limbs and cured my paralysis, but I must say this in favor of them, they have strengthened my back and kidneys in every way and the secretions are normal in color and regular in action. I used two boxes and they gave me a great deal of benefit. You may publish my statement so that others who may be in need of a good kidney remedy may learn to appreciate the value of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

FACTS ABOUT THE GRIP.

Each Nation Tries to Shift the Responsibility for It Upon Some Other.

People who have never been in love are apt to doubt the existence of that passion. "He jests at scars that never felt a wound." And so, people who have never had the grip are inclined to think it is merely a new name for a common cold. One writer playfully suggests that "evidently the thing to do is for everyone to become a Christian scientist and firmly believe that no such disease as the grip exists." The fact is, however, that the disease has been known and described from the time of Hippocrates, who was born in the year 400 B. C., and though its name has been changed at various periods, it has always been a form of epidemic catarrh, more or less severe, according to circumstances. In 1510 it was called "coccoluche," because the sick wore a cap close over their heads. Afterwards, the Italian physicians named it "influenza," and in later years the French doctors gave it the name of "la grippe," which is now anglicized into the "grip"—though it seems best to retain the French spelling of the word when mentioning this disease, so as to distinguish it from other grips. It is known all over the world, and there is a disposition in every nation to shift the odium of it upon some other country. Then the Russians call it the Chinese catarrh, the Germans often call it the Russian pest, the Italians name it the German disease, and the French call it sometimes the Italian fever and sometimes the Spanish catarrh.

The occurrence of grip, as well as of most other epidemics, is apparently connected with some particular condition of the atmosphere, but what that condition is, or what may be that kind of contamination, no one knows. The poisonous influence, whatever its nature may be, wings its way with greater celerity than the speed of human intercourse, while its progress seems influenced by the season of the years, whether hot, cold, damp, or temperate; it is said to travel from east to west, and it seldom stays in one district more than six or seven weeks. Some visitations have proved more severe than others; one in 1732, which extended over the whole of Europe, was fatal; but at another time, when it raged over all Europe, and was said to have not missed a family, and scarcely a person, none died, except some children. When it broke out in London in 1847 it appeared in a single day over every part of the great city, and affected upward of 500,000 persons.

In December, 1889, there was an epidemic of grip in the city of New York, said to have been "caused by germs conveyed in a letter from Russia which was received by a patient of an eminent uptown physician." That epidemic lasted six weeks and was extremely severe, resulting in hundreds of deaths. In March, 1891, it broke out again, and continued eight weeks, and the registrar of the health board says: "While it was less impetuous in its attack and less speedy in its culmination, its more protracted duration made it the most fatal of all the epidemics we have had. Since 1891 the severity of the disease has been gradually declining, although more or less prevalent every year. The largest number of deaths from influenza in New York in any one year since 1891 was in 1895. In 1896 there was a decided remission, but an increase again in 1897. In 1898, up to the present time, there have been fewer deaths than in any previous year since the disease first appeared."

Prof. Northnagel, of Vienna, who made a special study of the grip, made a report in 1898, in which he said that the malady was miasmatic, infectious and contagious, and declared that no specific remedy was known, though sufferers might be relieved somewhat by various drugs. As to treatment, the New York board declined to make any suggestions, not deeming it safe to give any general prescription, because "the disease takes many different forms, and each farm should be treated specifically." One physician is candid enough to say frankly that "while drugs may help the suffering, the best cure is a week spent in bed."—Albany Argus.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

REVOLT OF ARABIAN TRIBES.

How History Repeats Itself in the Constant Struggle Against the Turk.

The latest revolt of the Yemen Arabs will not surprise those who remember that such rebellions are chronic in Arabia, and that outbreaks are ever recurring of the hatred on the part of the pure-blooded Arabs against their conquerors, the Turks, who came from Mongolian deserts, and whose faith in the Koran had never been trusted by the direct descendants of the adherents of the Mecca Mahomet. Everything indicates that the present rebellion, which, according to the latest dispatches, has already caused the killing and wounding of about 6,000 Arabs and Turkish soldiers, will be promptly suppressed by the sultan's troops, as were the former revolts.

But it is still more certain that this rebellion will not be the last one, so long as the Ottoman system of governing the provinces of Yemen and Hedjar is not improved. Efforts are being made constantly in that direction by Sultan Abdul Hamid; but his orders are not executed, thanks to the prevalence of corruption and the baksheesh system among Turkish officials of the highest and of the lowest grades. For instance, rumors of a threatening revolt in Yemen having reached Constantinople, orders were sent to dismiss and punish many functionaries who practiced too well in that province the ironical advice: "Virtue after money."

A convoy of these officials arrived recently from Sanoa to Hodeida, where they embarked for Constantinople, together with about 80 political prisoners, who were to spend the remainder of their lives at Tripoli, in Syria. But a few weeks later most of these people were free. They knew how to purchase their liberty, just as had been done by one of the richest Arabs in Yemen, El Hadji Ahmed Obeyd el Harasi. He had expressed too loudly his anti-Turkish sentiments and had been sent in exile to Mecca, whence he returned three months later to Sanoa, after having bought his freedom for $20,000.

The actual revolt began in the district of Assir, at a place named the "Terrible Gate," because of its almost impregnable position in the Yemen mountains. The rebels are under the command of Iman Seid Mohammed Ben Hamid, and they have armed a few "sambones," or sloops, at Meid, on the Red sea, to give chase to small Turkish merchant vessels and maintain communication with the places whence they draw their supply of guns and ammunition. That will serve only to prolong their resistance, for the Ottoman sovereignty cannot be in danger unless the Arab "khabibs," or tribes, should unite against it in a simultaneous effort. But such a union is hardly possible, so long as there exists between those tribes a personal hatred deeper than that which they feel toward the Turkish conqueror.

The success of Marshal Abdullah Pasha, who has stormed the fortified possessions of Chalil and Sassih, seems already to indicate a definite success, even before the last victories, which are reported by the dispatches as having been won by the Turks. So long as there is only one tribe of the Yemen Arabs in revolt there is no chance for a serious offensive war against the Ottomans. That tribe occupies strong positions at first. When the soldiers are dislodged from these they form their ranks again, and are beaten a second or third time, for they cannot possibly resist the steady attack of the regular Ottoman troops. At least it is in this manner that the many revolts which have broken out in the Yemen have gone forward and have been subdued up to the present time.—N. Y. Tribune.

Acting Governor Northcott has ordered a special election for the election of a successor to William F. Purtill, deceased clerk of the circuit court of Coles county, to be held April 4.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

IRWIN'S Laxative Grip Tablets

Will cure a cold in a few hours. They stimulate the liver to healthy action and act as a mild laxative.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY
I. N. IRWIN & CO.,
Druggists,
100 E. Prairie St., and 212 N. Main St., Decatur, Ill.

Nobody Keeps them. Everybody Sells them— Chanson. Just a Nickel

To Clear Them Out—

Our Heavy-Weight Clothing MUST GO...

Nothing in Heavy Weights Reserved

Come in and see what we get for them and how little it takes to buy them now.

From 20 to 50 Per Cent. Discount on Former Selling Prices.

245-249 NORTH WATER STREET — B. STINE CLOTHING CO. 245-249 N. WATER ST. — Next to Bradley Bros.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE MILLIKIN NATIONAL BANK,

At Decatur, in the State of Illinois, at the Close of Business February 4, 1899.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$1,168,706.88	Capital	$ 200,000.00
Overdrafts	26,301.48	Surplus	20,000.00
Real Estate	8,748.76	Undivided Profits	18,116.50
U. S. Bonds	157,000.00	Circulation	90,000.00
Stocks, Securities, Etc.	28,723.21	Deposits	1,568,184.83
5 per ct. Redemption Fund,	4,500.00		
Safety Deposit Boxes	1,124.50		
Cash and Sight Exchange,	501,192.58		
	$1,896,301.33		$1,896,301.33

Valentines.

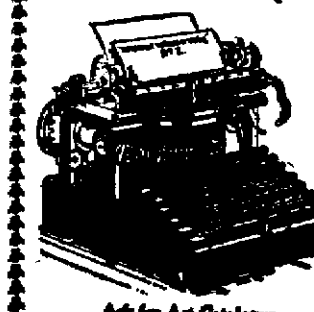
The Largest Line. The Handsomest Goods.

1 cent —to— $2.00

The Largest Variety The Handsomest Goods.

J. Edw. Saxton, Book Store. Opposite Citizens' National Bank.

Save Repair Bills.



In the purchase of a typewriter do not lose sight of the fact that many machines are poorly and cheaply constructed and demand frequent repairs.

The Smith Premier Typewriter

is built on scientific principles, is of simple parts, is the most durable machine made, the most economical to buy.

Ask for Art Catalogue.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Company,
841 NORTH PINE STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.
106 EAST WILLIAM STREET, DECATUR, ILL.

UNION MISSION WORK.

For Week Ending Sunday, Feb. 12

... 4 col-

... Stewart ... were

... 11 in two

... the follow- ... 50 60, ... One

... of shoes, ... looks, one ... were dis- ... and

... teachers and ... school. ... work ... of cloth-

... at the taber- ... this week is ... Union Mission. ... contribu- ... to this tabernacle is ... all the ex- ... be Decatur's ... direct to the ... and will be ... treasurer and ... Z. M. Akers. ... would now be in ... who are not, ... Are there not ... will take 25, ... worthy cause? ... the report of the ... W. E. Mann, ... Stanley, S. S.

... charity concert ... musicians for the ... Union Mission ... February 15, at ... church, is as fol.

... Selected—Opera ...

... Lullaby—Miss ...

... on the Mountains, (... —Miss ... Powers

... Wind, (Eugene ...—Mrs. Elizabeth Terry.

... Night Hymn at Sea, (... —Mrs. R. I. Hunt and J. W. ...

... Polonaise, (Nicode)—Miss ...

... Lee B. ...

... Ballad Polonaise (... —Miss Jeanette Powers.

... —Miss McNally.

... Voice (Denze)—Miss ...

... The Star of Love, (... —Mr. and Mrs. Lee B. Millikin

... Polocco Brilliant (... —Miss Grace Gillmore.

... with Cello Obligato, (Bartlett)—Mrs. ... Knapp Bunn and Dr. T. F. ...

... Night Has ... (b) Dream ... (Perkins) —Mrs. ... Keller, Mrs. ...

... at Frank ... North ... Exchange.—13-1

WEYLER'S MARRIAGE.

A Romantic Story of the Spanish General's Schoolgirl Sweetheart

... story of Gen. Weyler ... certain ... of the ... of ... It is to ... have happened when ... who are friendly ... that when Weyler ... colonel, ... important ... young girl of most ... of great beauty ... to ... seriously in ... his affection was ... with ... of courtship, he ... the girl. He did ... attentions to his ... objections to the ... only because ... but because ... of education. ... served a number ... to meet him at ... named, and as ... his request like ... responded to ... the time indi- ... at he was about ... the reason for the ... meted in a partly ... friends to act as ... conduct on that ... agreed to but were ... the ceremony, he ... him and his bride, ... convent in the ... his young wife ... superior and left ... friends, he ex- ... of acquiring an ... could present her ... the members of ... had induced him ... two years as a ... before she took the ... side which she ... —London Tele-

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

DEWEY'S MESSAGE.

The Hero of Manila Sends His Compliments to the German Admiral.

Our courteous and courtly commodore made no sign. He was waiting until he could put an end to the whole annoyance with one crushing blow. At last the opportunity came. He learned on unquestionable authority that one of the German vessels had landed provisions in Manila, thereby violating neutrality. I was not present when he sent his message to Admiral Von Diederich, and therefore I do not speak from personal knowledge concerning it; but I learned the facts from a perfectly authentic source, as follows:

"Orderly, tell Mr. Brumby I would like to see him," said Admiral Dewey one forenoon.

"Oh, Brumby," he continued, when the flag lieutenant made his appearance on the quarter deck, "I wish you to take the barge and go over to the German flagship. Give Admiral Von Diederich my compliments and say that I wish to call his attention to the fact that the vessels of his squadron have shown an extraordinary disregard of the usual courtesies of naval intercourse, and that finally one of them has committed a gross breach of neutrality in landing provisions in Manila, a port which I am blockading."

The commodore's voice had been as low and as sweetly modulated as if he had been sending Von Diederich an invitation to dinner. When he stopped speaking Brumby, who did not need any better indication of the commodore's mood than the usually formal and gentle manner of his chief, turned to go, making the usual official salute, and replying with the customary "Aye, aye, sir."

"And, Brumby," continued the commodore, his voice rising and ringing with the intensity of feeling that he felt he had repressed about long enough, "tell Admiral Von Diederich that if he wants a fight he can have it right now!"

Brumby went with his message, and the commodore paced the quarter deck in silence for a considerable time, evidently working off some of the high pressure that had brought forth his emphatic message to the German admiral. The latter sent back the extraordinary reply that he had not known anything about these actions of his captains, and that they would not be repeated. When one considers the rigidity of discipline that is supposed to exist in the German navy, the character of Admiral Von Diederich's apology is all the more incomprehensible.—Joseph L. Stickney, in Harper's Magazine.

SPANISH PIGS.

In the Towns of Spain the Grunters Wander at Will Through the Dwellings.

We have heard a great deal within the last few months about "Yankee pigs." The epithet appeared to be a favorite with our late enemy, and we supposed it to be opprobrious. Perhaps, after all, we were mistaken. In the Emerald isle we have long known that the useful and valuable porker is frequently regarded as a friend of the family and given the freedom of the house, or rather cabin; and now the report of a recent traveler in Spain tends to show that the same may be true in the land of the dons. This is his description of a rural district capital, where the pigs seemed especially in the ascendant:

The town's main street terraces upward, a thoroughfare of supreme unevenness, and from the valley to the castle door you meet with placid, recumbent pigs almost at every yard. They sit on their hams at the threshold of the houses, and when the whim seizes them stroll into the dwellings, with curious little spasmodic twistings of the tail.

They even climb the stairs like the two-legged inmates, and again when urged by the whim take the air on the agreeable old balconies above. Thence, from amid hanging creepers and household crockery, their long, slate-blue snouts peer down upon the passer-by with a critical air that is curiously offensive. This, mind you, not in a poor little hamlet like those of Connemara, but in the chief street of a district capital of Spain, with an assuming town hall close to the swine!

In other Spanish hamlets one has to say "By your leave" to the bronzed porkers, and tinkling goats which block the thoroughfares; but in Puebla de Sanabria the pigs resent the hint that they are in the way. It is you who intrude; their grunts, ranging from complaint to challenge, tell you that quite unmistakably if you attempt to stir them with your boot or walking stick. —Youth's Companion.

A Society Girl's "Regret."

One of this year's debutantes expected to be one of a number of guests at a large dinner party, but at the last moment sent these regrets:

"I am sorry to be obliged to decline your kind invitation to your lovely dinner party, which, owing to a dreadful cold in my head, must be postponed for future enjoyment."

The debutante's mother and the hostess had been girls together, so the latter, on the strength of friendship's license, returned the above with this reply:

"We are disappointed to learn you could not be with us last evening, but everything was ready to go on the table and the guests had begun to arrive when your note was handed to me; so it was rather late to change my plans, you see; and as for having the dinner 'postponed for future enjoyment,' it was the kind that would not bear warming over, my dear." — Chicago Times-Herald.

Fortune Hunters.

Any man who is engaged in business is a fortune hunter.—Chicago Daily News.

It is from books that wise men derive consolation in the troubles of life. —Hugo.

Men would not live long in sanity were they not the dupes of each other. —La Rochefoucald.

All men are poets at heart.—Emerson.

Martin Boehler, aged 99, died at Ramona.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

Sleighing races are fashionable in Switzerland, especially at Arona.

Women are employed as letter carriers in several districts in France.

The queen's physicians are four in number, and the royal doctor's bill is said to amount to about $4,000 yearly.

Every year about 280,000 conscripts are added to the Russian army. In times of peace it numbers 1,000,000 men, and is the largest standing army in existence.

Among Queen Victoria's most cherished possessions are three bracelets. In these are mounted 33 miniatures of her grandchildren, taken in infancy or early youth.

Queen Christina of Spain believes that children could be brought up with much greater ease if each mother were allowed to punish, not her own, but her neighbor's children.

The Swiss society Rambertia has laid out an Alpine garden at Montreaux, at an elevation of 6,000 feet, where the characteristic trees and flowers of the country are to be cultivated.

Tea drinkers in London are swindled systematically. A number of old women go about and buy up from servants tea-leaves that have been used. The leaves are then artificially colored, dried, and sold as good tea.

Empress Frederick worked a bit of carpet on which all her children knelt when confirmed; Emperor Frederick's coffin rested upon it; the present German emperor and Princesses Charlotte, Sophia and Victoria were married standing on it.

NIAGARA'S NEW BRIDGE.

A Structure to Be Erected at Historic Queenston Heights—The Old Bridge.

From the materials which comprised the old suspension bridge at Niagara Falls, which has recently given way to a larger and more pretentious span structure, another bridge will be reared over the same stream some distance below.

The towers and approaches of the new bridge have been completed and all is ready for the stringing of the cables and the erection of the iron. The site will be on the spot near the village of Lewiston, N. Y., and the quaint old town of Queenston, Ont., where in 1850-'51 a suspension bridge was built to connect the Lewiston mountain with the historic Queenston Heights, into the soil of which the blood of the brave Canadian, Gen. Brock, soaked when he fell mortally wounded. The old bridge was many years ahead of the profitable demands of the times, and when it was destroyed it was never afterward rebuilt.

In the matter of location the new bridge will adhere closely to the old bridge. From tower to tower the span will be a little over 1,000 feet, while the span of the suspended portion of the bridge will be about 200 feet. The outside width of the bridge will be 28 feet, and the roadway will have a width of 25 feet. This width of floor will afford room for a single trolley car track laid through the center, with space on either side for teams to pass abreast. In the construction of the bridge about 600 tons of metal will be used, and the cables will weigh all of 200 tons. The strength of the bridge will be great enough to afford safe passage for the heaviest of electric cars in addition to a uniformly distributed load of 40 pounds to the square foot over the whole structure.

The height of the new bridge above the water will be about 70 feet, and those familiar with the former suspension bridges at the falls will recognize that this is quite a different condition from the bridges that made the Niagara gorge famous for its display of engineering talent. The old bridges were built on a line with the tops of the cliffs, whereas the new bridge will swing midway between the tops of the banks and the waters of the river. This has necessitated the construction of long approaches on either side to afford facilities for trolley cars and carriages reaching the bridge. The electric lines now operating at the water's edge on the New York side and on top of the bluff on the Canadian side will make connection with the bridge. An electric road now runs across the upper steel arch of the falls, and there remains but a final link to be provided for before it will be possible to make the trip about the gorge in a trolley car, and thus still more effectively relegate the Niagara hackman to a rear seat. The bridge will be completed and opened for next summer's travel to the falls.

The wrecking of the old bridge forms one of the important events in the history of the Niagara region. Early in the year 1864 a mighty mass of ice came down the Niagara river from Lake Erie. The floe as it passed down the upper river and over the falls commanded much attention, and the owners of the bridge at Lewiston were fearful for the safety of their structure, for the guys were anchored just above highwater mark. Orders were issued to loosen the guys and lift them up out of the way of the icy mass in its passage to Lake Ontario. This was done. The ice jam went out, and no damage was done. The guys were not reanchored and a fierce gale swept down the Niagara chasm with great force. It caught the bridge full on the side and soon it was swinging back and forth. About 11 o'clock on the morning of Monday, February 1, 1864, it gave a mighty surge, and then the greater part of the bridge proper fell into the river below. It was a complete wreck. There was no encouragement to rebuild. Back and forth the old cables swung for years, until at last they were cut away and allowed to plunge into the river, where, 34 years before, the other portions of the structure had found a grave.—Philadelphia Record.

It is calculated that the men and women of today are nearly two inches taller than their ancestors.

Butter and bacon are declared by a medical writer ... most nourishing of all foods.

There is nothing so sweet as the kindness and gentleness of power.—Beecher.

Some deserve praise for what they have done.—Lessing.

MEN WHO WENT WILD.

Experiences of Earlier Adventurers Than Louis de Rougemont, the Now Discredited "Later Day Crusoe."

The meteoric appearance in our midst of a gentleman named Louis de Rougemont, with a marvelous story of hitherto unheard-of adventures during an alleged residence of some 30 years with the blacks of northern Australia, revives recollections of the "wild white men" that, from time to time, have fallen into the hands of the uncivilized Australian aborigines, and been restored to white humanity after long years of separation and degradation.

The general impression is in the minds of many well-informed Australians that the Rougemontian adventures and experiences are largely a superstructure or romance, based upon a small foundation of reality.

The first recorded wild white man was William Buckley. On December 24, 1802, in company with six other soldiers, he was involved in an attempt on the life of the duke of Kent.

He was sentenced to transportation for life, and taken out in a convict ship to the antipodes. During a brief stay at the head of what is now the harbor of Melbourne he contrived to escape in company with two other convicts. The latter perished, and, in the last stages of hunger and privation, Buckley lay down upon what proved to be the grave of a recently buried chief.

Luckily for him the widow came along, and superstitiously concluded that her dear departed had returned to life in the shape of a white man.

She promptly annexed him as her own, led him to the camp of the blacks, explained the circumstances under which she had found him, and secured his admission as a chief of the tribe, a position for which he was physically well qualified, as he was a man of great stature (six feet seven inches), strength and endurance.

In the next 32 years Buckley led the life of a savage, hunting, fishing and fighting with the tribe that adopted him.

It was on July 12, 1835, that he saw a white face for the first time after the lapse of more than 30 years. On that day the pioneers of the city of Melbourne landed from their little schooner, and Buckley advanced to meet them.

He tried to summon up some English words from the depth of his memory, and at last succeeded in articulating the word "bread."

He made himself very useful as an interpreter between the new white settlers and the blacks, and, when his story reached London, the imperial authorities magnanimously drew the sponge over his offenses and sent him a free pardon.

He enjoyed a small pension in his later years, and lived until February 2, 1856, when he was thrown out of a cart and killed, in his seventy-sixth year.

The site of the present town of Geelong, about 40 miles from Melbourne was the headquarters of the tribe to which Buckley was attached during his three decades of savage life.

The story of a little cabin boy, named Narcisse Pierre Pellatier, ought to have attracted the attention of the boy's novelist long before now. He engaged as cabin boy on the St. Paul, bound from China to Australia with 350 Chinese emigrants. She also struck on a reef off the northeastern coast of Queensland.

Officers and crew got away in the boats, not troubling themselves about the Chinese passengers, and, in their hurry, forgetting the little cabin boy, who was subsequently found by the blacks in a dying condition in a cranny among the rocks. They nursed him back to life, fed him, treated him well and, in fact, made him the pet of the tribe.

Nearly all the Chinese passengers were captured by the blacks and eaten up, two at a time.

The flesh of the Chinaman is esteemed a great delicacy by the cannibal blacks of Queensland. From the point of view of a cannibal, a vegetarian is vastly superior to a meat eater.

Little Pellatier lived with the blacks for 17 years, and was rescued by a British ship, the John Bell, on April 11, 1875. He immediately returned to France, where he may be still living. He would now be a man of between 56 and 60.—Pall Mall Gazette.

"Sine Died."

Not long since the notice "Court adjourned sine die" was posted on the door of the supreme court in Brooklyn. Some gentleman with an artistic and highly trained sense of humor added a "d" to the word "die" and went on his way rejoicing. Next day a person who makes a practice of haunting the public buildings in Brooklyn and professes acquaintance with every well-known man in the vicinity dropped into the clerek's office.

"See here," he said, "when did Sine pass in his checks?"

"What's that?" demanded the astonished clerk.

"When did Sine die? I see the courts are closed on account of it."

"Oh," said the clerk, pulling himself together, "he died yesterday. Did you know him?"

"Know him? I should say I did. Knew his father before him. Too bad, ain't it?"

And Sine's bereaved friend passed out with his burden of sorrow.—Law Notes.

Sometimes Due to Modesty.

Dribbler—In my opinion, a man who writes an illegible hand does it because he thinks people are willing to puzzle over it. In other words, he is a chunk of conceit.

Scribbler—Not always. Sometimes a man writes illegibly not because he is conceited, but because he is modest.

"Modest! About what?"

"About his spelling."—Stray Stories.

Leisure is time for doing something useful. —Franklin.

DRINK GRAIN-O

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine but doctors order it, because it is habitual, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for GRAIN-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

LINN AND SCRUGGS
DRY GOODS & CARPET CO.

The New Wash Goods.

Notwithstanding the extreme coldness of the weather, our sales in dainty summer wash materials have been remarkably large for this season of the year.

It's much more satisfactory to buy now before the rush of shoppers have made inroads into the collection—you get first pick and will be ready for Spring when spring is ready for you.

Irish Dimity—small floral and geometrical patterns, stripes, bias plaids and every solid color—beautiful goods at a small price, yd 25c

Scotch Chiviots, Aberfoyle Novelties and Madras Cloths—specially suitable for shirt waists at yard 25c

Piques, Welts, Scotch and French Novelties, Mouseline de-soie and Silk Ginghams—a great variety of pleasing styles—at yard 50c

Satin Striped Mouseline—Rays—a bright shimery French fabric—possessed of remarkable beauty—at yard 85c

LINN AND SCRUGGS
DRY GOODS & CARPET CO.

Pretty Summer Silks.

If present indications are to be depended on—Foulards and Printed Chinas will lead the silk procession this summer. Our assortment of these fabrics is very extensive and a host of pretty designs are shown at, yard 59c to $1.00

Wash Silks for Children's dresses and Ladies' waists. Three lots that are exceptional value at yard... 49c, 39c and 25c

Black Satin for shirt waists—so popular just now is a leader with us and we're positive that we show the best quality in the city, at, yard $1.00

LINN AND SCRUGGS
DRY GOODS & CARPET CO.

Wall Paper for Spring.

The new stock of wall coverings is here and they're indescribably beautiful. Bagdads, Egyptians, Medallion Stripes and Floral Stripes—new ideas in Wall Paper manufacture, all of them.

It might be worth mentioning that we've three times the selling space in this department that we have ever had before and the stock is three fold greater than last season.

The price range is exceptionally great and you're sure to find just what you want at the proper price per roll ..... 4c to $1.25

We have made excellent arrangements for hanging wall paper this season and all work entrusted to us will be guaranteed. Prices as low as possible for good work.

Room mouldings—match designs for all high class papers—per foot 1½c to 7c

LINN AND SCRUGGS
DRY GOODS & CARPET CO.

Wool Dress Materials.

Fashion has decreed that Brilliant Black Crepon shall hold a prominent place in dress and skirt making this Spring, and we want to mention three numbers of which we are especially proud.

42-inch Mohair Crepon—a good bright black in a variety of patterns at yard 75c

44 inch English Mohair Crepon—the new Epingline weave—bright, lustrous fabric—at yard $1.50

44 inch English Mohair Crepon—the acme of perfection in Black goods manufacture, at yard $2.50

"Chevron" Tailor suitings—in the latest combinations, such as Navy and White, Dresden and White, Brown and White, Grey and White, Blue and White—a 38-inch fabric imported by us as a leader, at yard 58c

Our celebrated worsted Coatings—guaranteed not to spot or shrink, —fourteen leading shades at yard, only 75c

Worsted Serge—in a choice variety of shades, including the new blue—a splendid 46-inch cloth—at yard 58c

LINN AND SCRUGGS
DRY GOODS & CARPET CO.

That Sale of Graniteware...

The result of a big half-price purchase—still continues in the Busy Bargain Basement. It's not often that reliable ware are sold at such prices and this will positively be the last week of the sale.

Acme Granite Tea Kettles—
No. 7 size, only 29c
No 8 size, only ..., 38c

Acme Granite Dish Pans—
17 qt. size, only 29c
21 qt. size, only. 35c

Acme Granite Berlin Kettles—with heavy re-tinned covers—
5 quart size, only 19c
7 quart size, only 25c

Acme Granite Chamber Pails—with granite cover—
12 quart size, only 49c

Acme Granite Milk Kettles
1 qt. size, only 15c

Acme Granite Coffee Pots with wooden handles — always cold—
3 quart size, only 18c
4 quart size, only 23c
5 quart size, only 33c

A HERO FOR BOYS.

Twelve-Year-Old Arkansas Trapper Provides for the Entire Family.

Calvin Hinkley is coming into fame as "The Boy Trapper of Clay county, Ark." He is 12 years old, small for his years, and without even the advantages of such equipment as the village store affords to the average trapper. Calvin makes his own traps, rude things generally, but effective, for a day seldom passes that he has not snared or captured in some way a mink or two, a few rabbits, and, at long intervals, that valuable and coveted trophy of all trappers, the furtive otter.

Especial interest attaches to the exploits of little Calvin Hinkley, for the reason that for the last six months he has been the sole support of his invalid father and his nine-year-old sister. The mother died last winter, and early last spring Hinkley pere fell sick with a complaint which has kept him to his bed almost continually ever since. They live in an isolated spot on the bank of Black river, Arkansas, about six miles from Corning. The father had made a frugal but sure living for his little family by cutting timber. When he was unable to work the burden of supporting the family fell upon Calvin's frail shoulders.

An awkward skiff, a woodsman's ax an antique rifle and a jackknife were the appliances to which the boy fell heir. His little sister had already set him a good example, for the day her mother became sick the child assumed the duties of a housewife, cooking the homely meals, washing the dishes, and sweeping and tidying the little cabin home. When his mother died, Calvin quit school and began to help around the house. He learned to swing the ax, to whittle the "figure four" for traps, and went bravely to work to make a living for the family. In his skiff he carried cumbrous logs to well-chosen nooks along the river's brim, setting up that old-fashioned but reliable style of trap known as the "dead fall." Soon he had six traps set and baited, and he was well launched upon his career as a trapper.

He began to rise before the gray of dawn streaked the east. A crust of bread and a drink of water were sufficient to sustain him while he visited his traps along the river. Alone he paddled his lumbering skiff for miles along the river, baiting his traps anew before sunup, and seizing with proud delight the occasional mink that he found pinned beneath his well-adjusted "dead falls." Then back to breakfast with his prize or without it to be welcomed and caressed by his patient little sister, who sat at the head of the table, poured his coffee, and praised his skill and courage as none but a child can praise.

A whole mink skin is worth 50 cents in Corning any day, and little Calvin has made 100 trips afoot over the rough or swampy six miles of road that lie between his forest home and the town. Having exchanged his skins for cash, he would buy the simple necessities for his sick father, provisions for the larder, and now and then a cheap toy for the little woman at home, who kept her doll baby sitting by the kitchen stove while she cooked the meals, and mingled the frolics of childhood with the work and worry of womanhood in a manner quaintly pretty.

Twice a day, at dawn and at dusk, the little trapper has been working his traps ever since. Once or twice he has found an otter instead of the customary mink, and thereat he rejoices with his father and sister, for an otter skin is worth ten times as much as a mink skin, and there is always a ready market for the pelts in Corning. Calvin puts in most of each day hunting for squirrels or rabbits now. Cotton tails are numerous, but as the boy has not a shotgun he relies entirely upon his dog and ax. The former knows his business, and never fails to corral Brer Rabbit in the hollow trunks of trees. The boy chops a hole in the tree to get his quarry alive, or twists it out with the forked pole in the manner familiar to all woodsmen.

For the last two months Calvin has bagged great numbers of squirrels. These he hunts without his dog. Sitting in a favorable spot in the woods, rifle in hand, he waits until the frisky rodents go to work on the hickory nuts or acorns, and then picks them off their lofty perches with unerring accuracy. He seldom fails to place the bullet fairly in the squirrel's head, and, like a true sportsman, would scorn to use a shotgun on such game. He hopes to have a duck gun one of these days, and to that end is saving such small sums as can be withheld from the family's expense account. His father is slowly regaining his health, too, but in the meantime the thin, pale boy attends diligently to his trade, growing fonder each day of its solitary excitement, and rapidly mastering all the unwritten lore of woodcraft.—St. Louis Republic.

The "Virginius" Affair.

The Virginius, a ship of American register, was captured, taken to a Cuban port and 50 of her officers and crew, Americans for the most part, summarily shot. The wrath of the American people flamed out; President Grant could have had war and ended everything in a moment, but the forces which cared nothing for humanity and a great deal for an undisturbed money market prevailed. The register of the Virginius was opportunely proved to be fraudulent, we took money for our dead and peace was preserved. The unsettled question had come very near a solution and had shown to all who cared to think that Spanish tyranny was capable of dangerous crimes against others than its own subjects.—Hon. Henry Cabot Lodge, in Harper's Magazine.

Old Venetian Coins.

Venetian coins of 1570 and 1577, bearing the name of one of the dogs, have been found in Mashonaland, in the interior of South Africa.—N. Y. Sun.

La Grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Shepard, publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Elden, Mo., says: "No one will be disappointed in using One Minute Cough Cure for La Grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

The wisdom of the wise and the experience of ages is preserved for quotation.—Disraeli.

DEVELOPMENT OF SANTIAGO.

Under United States Management the City Is Being Rapidly Improved.

Santiago all the time goes on improving or being improved. Ponderous iron bound carts, drawn by four mules each and driven by soldiers, go thundering and clattering up and down the dreadful streets. Some of these are "paved"—save the mark!—with cobblestones of unequal height (and with many gaps), while the others are just as nature made them, with the underlying rock cropping up in slabs and bowlders, and pitted with holes large enough to drown a baby in. Rain sluices down them as it pleases and overflows where it likes. Having one day got to the bottom of a street, I found my advance blocked by mud and water, and had to go up the hill again and down the next street to arrive at my destination. In the upper part of the town the roadways are inconceivable. But the work of improvement is in progress—very slowly, it is true, from want of funds; for Santiago has, of course, to pay all its own expenses, and with its income at its lowest these are hard to meet. One road, however, the main street, is finished, and being solidly metaled, with a top layer of fine grit, well rolled down, and as yet "no thoroughfare," looks, in its solid brand-new smoothness, almost ridiculous by comparison with its unkempt neighbors, which are "linked mud holes long drawn out."

The Plaza has been thoroughly cleansed, the cathedral precincts purged, the hospital set in cleanly order; and at the wharves, where there used to be dirt indescribable and general chaos, there is a wonderful change—large spaces have been cleared, traffic comes and goes by prescribed routes, and soldiers with their rifles are on sentry at the avenues of approach. Stacked up on the wharves are prodigious quantities of "rations" and stores—for Santiago is a distributing center—and much of it, I should say, was being ruined. The Red Cross society's supplies are still unexhausted, and with so much gratuitous food obtainable there is little reason for wondering at the shopkeepers' complaint that business is not active.—Harper's Weekly.

Frost Bites and Chilblains

Quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing remedy in the world. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

Men would not live long in sanity were they not the dupes of each other.—La Rochefoucald.

B. Presson, Pressonville, Kan., writes Jan. 25th, 1899: "Nothing like Foley's Honey and Tar" is the universal verdict of all who have used it. Especially has this been true of coughs accompanying and succeeding la grippe. Not a single bottle failed to give almost immediate relief. Everybody recommends it. Ship order at once, only have one bottle left. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

It is from books that wise men derive consolation in the troubles of life.—Hugo.

Food does more harm than good when not digested. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It prevents wasting diseases and cures stomach troubles. It cures indigestion, sour stomach and belching, and allows a worn out stomach rest. It acts instantly. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

Martin Buckles, aged 29, died at Ramsey.

Don't get scared when your heart troubles you. Most likely you suffer from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It will cure every form of Dyspepsia. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

Some deserve praise for what they have done.—La Bruyere.

The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. De Witt's Little Early Risers are unequaled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

There is nothing so sweet as the softness and gentleness of power.—Beecher.

Cure for La Grippe.

Foley's Honey and Tar heals the lungs and cures the racking cough usual to la grippe and prevents pneumonia. It is guaranteed. 25c and 50c. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

Butter and bacon are declared by a medical writer to be the most nourishing of all foods.

Paul Perry, of Columbus, Ga., suffered agony for thirty years, and then cured his Piles by using De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

It is calculated that the men and women of today are nearly two inches taller than their ancestors.

Mr. S. A. Fackler, editor of the Micanopy (Fla.,) Hustler, with his wife and children suffered terribly from La Grippe. One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for La Grippe, and its exhausting after effects. Never fails. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

Fatigue causes a poisoned condition of the blood. If the blood of a fatigued animal be injected into another animal that is unfatigued, all the symptoms of fatigue will be produced.

All men are poets at heart.—Emerson.

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using De Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

When men are pure, laws are useless; when men are corrupt, they are broken.—Disraeli.

Horrible agony is caused by Piles. Burns and Skin Diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, C. F. Shilling, East End Drug Store.

WHY DEWEY STOPPED.

The True Reason for the Breakfast Call in the Battle of Manila Bay.

"What was the most interesting and important of all the events that occurred during the battle of Manila bay?"

This question has been put to me so often since my return from the Philippines that I am glad to be at liberty—now that peace is assured—to answer it without risk of giving aid and comfort to the enemy.

It has always been assumed in the United States that, from start to finish, there was nothing felt on our side except a buoyant certainty of victory. It will do no harm now to tell the real facts.

It will be remembered that the battle began at six minutes past five o'clock on the morning of May 1; that Commodore (now Rear Admiral) Dewey led the line of American warships into action in his flagship Olympia; that, after a fierce fight, lasting two hours and a half, the attacking fleet retired from the battle into the center of Manila bay, and did not renew the attack until nearly four hours later.

When we hauled off from the fighting line, at 7:36 o'clock, the situation had become apparently serious for Commodore Dewey. We had been fighting a determined and courageous enemy for more than two hours without having noticeably diminished the volume of his fire. It is true, at least three of his ships had broken into flames; but so had one of ours—the Boston. These fires had been put out without apparent injury to the ships. Generally speaking, nothing of great importance had occurred to show that we had seriously injured any Spanish vessel. They were all steaming about in the bight back of Sangley point, or in Baker harbor, as active as when we first sighted them in the early dawn.

On the other hand, our condition was greatly altered for the worse. There remained in the magazine of the Olympia only 85 rounds of five-inch ammunition, and though the stock of eight-inch charges was not proportionately depleted, it was reduced enough to make the continuance of the battle for another two hours impossible. When it is remembered that Commodore Dewey was more than 7,000 miles from a home port, and that under the most favorable conditions a supply of ammunition could not be obtained in less than a month, the outlook was far from being satisfactory. The commodore knew that the Spaniards had just received an ample supply of ammunition in the transport Mindanao, so that there was no hope of exhausting their fighting power by an action lasting twice as long. If we should run short of powder and shell, we might become the hunted instead of the hunters.

I do not exaggerate in the least when I say that, as we hauled off into the bay, the gloom on the bridge of the Olympia was thicker than a London fog in November. Neither Commodore Dewey nor any of the staff believed that the Spanish ships had been sufficiently injured by our fire to prevent them from renewing the battle quite as furiously as they had previously fought. Indeed, we had all been distinctly disappointed in the results of our fire. Our projectiles seemed to go too high or too low—just as had been the case with those fired at us by the Spaniards. Several times the commodore had expressed dissatisfaction with the failure of our gunners to hit the enemy. We had begun the firing at too great a distance, but we had gradually worked in further on each of the turns, until we were within about 2,500 yards at the close of the fifth round. At that distance, in a smooth sea, we ought to have made a great percentage of hits; yet, so far as we could judge, we had not sensibly crippled the foe. Consequently Commodore Dewey hauled out into the open bay at the end of the fifth round to take stock of ammunition and devise a new plan of attack.

As I went aft the men asked me what we were hauling off for. They were in a distinctly different humor from that which prevailed on the bridge. They believed that they had done well, and that the other ships had done likewise. The Olympia cheered the Baltimore, and the Baltimore returned the cheers with interest. The gun captains were not at all dissatisfied with the results of their work. Whether they had a better knowledge of the accuracy of their aim than we had on the bridge, or whether they took it for granted that the enemy must have suffered severely after so much fighting, I do not know; at any rate, they were eager to go on with the battle, and confident of victory. I told one of them that we were merely hauling off for breakfast, which statement elicited the appeal to Capt. Lamberton, as he came past a moment later:

"For God's sake, captain, don't let us stop now. To h— with the breakfast!"

When I told the commodore that I intended to attribute our withdrawal to the need for breakfast, he intimated that it was not a matter of much importance what reason I gave, so long as I did not give the true one. And so the breakfast episode went to the world as a plausible excuse for what seemed like an extraordinary strategic maneuver—one which has been the subject of more comment than almost any other event during the battle. Many people have said to me that it would be a pity to spoil so good a story by telling the truth; but as the commodore will be sure to let the cat out of the bag some day, I may as well let her have her freedom now.

Of course we learned the truth about the effect of our fire when we saw, soon afterward, the flames rising from the Reina Cristina and the Castilla, and heard the explosion of their ammunition and the former's magazine.—Joseph Stickney, in Harper's Monthly.

What a Prominent Kentuckian Says.

W. L. Yancy, Paduca, writes: I had a severe case of Kidney disease and three of the best physicians of southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure. The first bottle gave immediate relief and three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

It is a misfortune to have to maneuver one's heart as a general has to maneuver his army.—Alex. Smith.

INDIAN SNAKE DANCES.

Barbarous Customs Are Prohibited, But It Is Impossible to Always Prevent Them.

In speaking of the missionary work needed for the Indians in the west a student of the Indian school at Carlisle thus describes the snake dance: "The Moqui snake dance is held once every year, and in the summer only. These dances are held on the top of a high mesa, where the villages are situated. The dance I saw took place at Oriba, 30 miles from Keams Canyon, A. T. One could hardly believe that the snake dancers held those rattlesnakes in their mouths unless he saw it himself, but I can assert that such a thing is true. When the snake dancer finishes his performance with a reptile he puts it on the ground, and, as I was standing near, one of them made straight for me. Of course I ran; so did those who stood near me, but one of the snake dancers saw it and picked it up as you would a gentle cat.

"These men don't care, however, to pick up a snake when it is in a coil. They put their sacred meal, as they call it, on the snakes, and brush them gently with the soft end of their feathers until the rattlesnakes start to run, then catch them.

"These dances in the desert are meant as prayers for rain, addressed to the gods in the under world, to whom the snakes are believed to act as messengers. When the dance ends the snakes are reverently restored to liberty, intrusted with the moqui—prayers to the gods. After the dance that day it rained hard, and the people would naturally believe that the snake dance had brought the storm.

"At Ponca, O. T., a sun dance was held, and in their excitement the Poncas cut holes in their flesh, through which they introduced thongs and fastened these to saplings, until, pulling at them, each dancer fainted or fell from exhaustion. White Weather, a noted chieftain, was overcome by the heat, and died from its effects. He came from Nebraska with about 50 of his people to visit the Poncas.

"The Messiah dance, the sun dance and the war dance are prohibited, but agents find it difficult to prevent their occurrence. They are most demoralizing. An agent imprisoned 300 Indians who, contrary to his orders, persisted in the ghost dance. After a religious service all the chiefs spoke, and these were some of their words: 'I trust the Christian people. We have talked to the Great Spirit. I don't know something true, but I just worship. I see the earth and the trees and the sky and I know somebody must have made them. We don't know about it, but you know about the Christ. We wish you to tell the Great Spirit for us, for you are more His children, and He listens more to you. We want the women to come up to their white sisters and learn the right. We are like in the dark, but these words are a light to us—good words. We want a church. We give you a place.'"—N. Y. Tribune.

TWO FAMOUS BROTHERS.

The Rise, Career and End of Two "Bad Men" of the Western Frontier.

"One of the leading papers of New York printed a story a few days ago," remarked an old reporter, "telling how the typical 'bad man of the frontier' has gradually become extinct. It was very interesting, and mentioned a number of noted desperadoes, among others 'the famous McLaughlin brothers, killed in Arizona in 1889.' I happen to know a good deal about these brothers, and they were really very remarkable people. They differed in one important particular from all other western celebrities—they didn't exist. No, I'm not joking. They were unveiled in about 1878 for the edification of the numerous 'tenderfeet' who were thronging into the Colorado silver district. In those days stories of frontier adventure were in great demand, and the noted desperadoes of the region were used as central figures in hundreds of purely imaginative yarns spun by enthusiastic reporters. The only trouble about it was that the desperadoes themselves would occasionally kick, so it occurred to a well-known scribbler named Billy Taylor, to manufacture a couple of real bad men about whom he could romance with safety. Accordingly he created the McLaughlin brothers, and, just as he expected, they were taken up by the papers far and wide, and their exploits soon became the talk of the west. Taylor presently acquired a wide reputation for nerve by the fearless manner in which he 'roasted' these dangerous men, particularly the younger brother, Silas McLaughlin, who butchered nine cowboys at Santa Fe because one of them stepped on his foot. 'Red-handed miscreant,' 'dastardly assassin' and 'rope-ripe ruffian' were some of the pet names he applied to him, in spite of the warnings of admiring friends. Eventually the brothers became so firmly established in the public mind that any doubt as to their actuality would have been scouted, and to this day you can find scores of men all over the frontier who will swear that they have met and conversed with them. I don't know how the story of their death originated, but I dare say some oldtimer concluded that the joke had gone about far enough, and killed them on the same principle that Cervantes finished off Don Quixote."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A Royal Huntsman.

King Humbert of Italy holds the record as a hunter of chamois. During a recent expedition in the valley of Ameris, near Cuneo, the royal party killed 70 of these animals in one day, of which 51 fell to King Humbert's rifle. The old mountaineers declare that this record has been approached but once before, when Victor Emmanuel killed 44 chamois in the same region.

Recommended for La Grippe.

N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: My daughter had a severe attack of la grippe seven years ago and since then whenever she takes cold a terrible cough settles on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar which cured her. She has never been troubled with a cough since. 25c. H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

Charles Blement, Sr., an old resident of Coles county, died at Oakland.

POWERS OF AN INDIAN AGENT.

His Position Is One of Great Responsibility and His Authority Is Absolute.

An Indian agent has absolute control of affairs on his reservation, subject only to the approval of the department of the interior at Washington, which two or three times a year may send out an inspector to look after him. His position is one of great responsibility, as he has to administer a business representing each year from $50,000 to $200,000. His power on the reservation is more nearly absolute than anything that we in this country know of. He has not the authority to order out his Indians to instant execution, but in practice this is the only power that he does not possess. Over property, liberty and the actions of every-day life he has absolute authority. No Indian can receive food, no Indian can obtain a tool, no Indian can live in his home unless the agent is willing. He holds in the hollow of his hand the welfare of the tribe and of each one of its individuals.

The man who bears these responsibilities and is clothed with these powers over his fellow men should be of high character and good abilities, such an one as would be chosen for the manager of a considerable business. He should feel the responsibility of his position, and not be satisfied merely to get along as easily as possible and to draw his salary regularly. The good agent really stands in the relation of a parent toward his Indians, and as a father instructs, punishes and rewards his children, so the agent should firmly but kindly govern the people who are under him. They recognize this relation, and often speak of the agent as their father. In the ordinary pursuits of life a man qualified by training and temperament for such a position would receive a good salary; he ought to receive it here—at least thrice the pittance that is now paid to Indian agents. Such a man ought to be retained in office so long as he would remain, and should not be turned out with the coming in of each new administration.—George Bird Grinnell, in Atlantic.

Like Other Girls.

Helen Keller, whose afflictions and cleverness have made her an interesting object to the world at large, has not been so very different in general characteristics from other girls of her age. An affliction like hers makes her seem to many people to be a person apart, as she is to some extent, but she is very natural for all that. A few years ago a visitor calling upon her expressed admiration for and interest in a little story she had written for a child's paper. This remark was repeated to her by her devoted friend, companion and teacher, speaking slowly, while the young girl followed the words with her fingers on the lips of the speaker. A rather silly self-conscious smile appeared on her face as she comprehended the meaning of the words; she was pleased, but embarrassed, as another child would be. She was corrected, however, immediately. "Don't be silly," said the teacher; "you should only be too glad that you can do anything to give pleasure to anyone."—N. Y. Times.

Tit for Tat.

"You show such bad taste in the selection of your neckties, Horace," said the elder sister of a youth in his teens. "They always look so wrinkled and shapeless, too. You ought to let me buy them and tie them for you."

"I'm willing, sis," he answered, looking at her pinched waist, "if you'll let me buy your belts and fasten them around you."—Youth's Companion.

Abe Andrews, a miner at Barrouville, attempted to open a keg of blasting powder with his mining pick. He can not survive.

The First Presbyterian church at Litchfield was damaged $500 by fire.

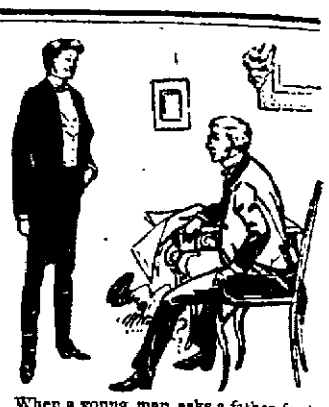
Coughing

Constant coughing is very annoying, and the continuous hacking and irritation will soon attack and injure the delicate lining of the throat and air passages. Take advice and use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in time. This wonderful remedy will cure you.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.



When a young man asks a father for his daughter's hand in marriage, if the father is a wise one, he thinks of one thing [illegible] ly as important as the young man's m[illegible] social and business standing and in[illegible] gence. A young man who suffers from [illegible] health has no right to marry until his h[illegible] is restored. To do so is to commit a crime against the human race. While all diseases may not be directly inherited, the constitutional tendency to acquire them is inherited. If a man is a consumptive the chances are that his children will have weak, undersized lungs, and a predisposition to acquire the same disease.

Then a young man who suffers from bronchitis, weak lungs, spitting of blood or any disease of the air-passages which, if neglected leads up to consumption, may use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery with almost absolute assurance of recovery. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases when taken in time. It soothes and heals the delicate and sensitive tissues of the air-passages and lungs, checks the cough, facilitates expectoration, drives out all impurities and disease germs from the tainted blood and builds new and healthy tissues.

Mr. John G. Born, of 4920 Liberty Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., writes: "Some thirty months ago I said to my wife, 'I don't want to keep anything from you, I must tell you I am in the last stage of consumption.' In December 1896 I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I could then only speak in whispers. I have taken thirteen bottles, and can say with truth I am greatly benefited. People are surprised to hear me speak. I can halloo, and my voice has not been as good in eight years. My stomach was never in better condition. Formerly I could not eat without suffering very much immediately after, but now I can eat anything."

PUPIL OF—
Augusta Rotoli, Boston.
Francis Fischer Powers, New York.

Receiving Days, Decatur—
Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Elizabeth Knieper-Bunn

Teacher of VOICE CULTURE

And the ART OF SINGING Italian Method.

STUDIO:
Over Heilman's—Third Floor.

LITTLE LIVER PILL
40 PILLS
LIVERITA
10 CENTS

LIVERITA
THE UP-TO-DATE PILL.

CURES
Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.
SUGAR COATED.

Nervita Medical Co. Chicago.

100 Pills 25 cents.
Sold by A. J. Blaine, 539 N. Water St Decatur, Ill.

WHY SO MANY WEAR GLASSES.

The American people are degenerating physically.

The advance of civilization imposes increased labors upon our visual sense.

Peddlers and the reckless methods employed by people in "fitting their own eyes" cause much of the trouble.

Plagues devastated whole nations in olden days—now they are checked in their infancy. Eye defects that were then thought to be incurable are now remedied by the timely application of glasses.

We correct any defect to which the human eye is heir . . . .

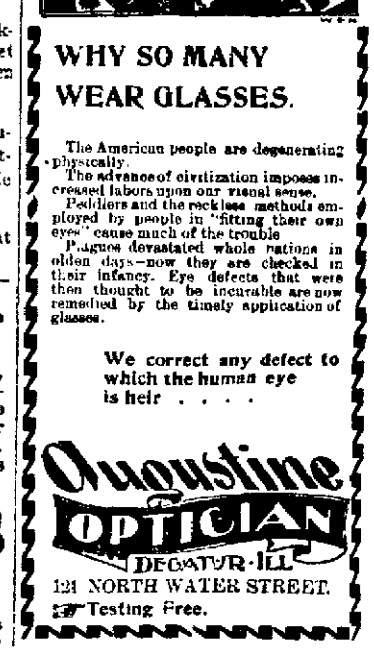
Quoustine OPTICIAN
DECATUR, ILL.
121 NORTH WATER STREET.
Testing Free.

Some February Bargains.

3-piece Antique Oak Finish Bed Room Suit, with bevel plate mirror, full size wash stand, bed 4 feet 6 inches wide, 6 feet high, complete, only **$12.50**

Iron Bed, white enamel finish, either in 3 feet 6 inch width or 4 feet 6 inch, only **$1.98**

High Back, Cane Seat Diners, each **69c**



Do You Need Furniture?

We furnish your house from cellar to garret. Our goods are right—our prices right. We pay the freight and guarantee goods safe at your railroad station.

The Big Furniture Store.

Bachman, Bros. & Martin Co.,

240-244-250 AND 252 EAST MAIN STREET.

NO BETTER WORK DONE IN THE CITY Than by the

Penny Laundry Offices...

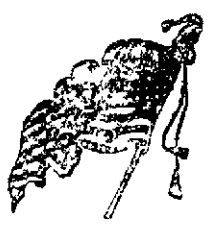
LOCATED THROUGHOUT THE CITY.

Shirts 5c; Collars, 1c; Cuffs, 2c.

The New York Weekly Tribune

THE GREAT NATIONAL FAMILY NEWSPAPER

For FARMERS and VILLAGERS



And your favorite home paper.

The Republican,

DECATUR, ILL.,

BOTH One Year for *$1.25.*

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE has an Agricultural Department of the highest merit, all important news of the Nation and World, comprehensive and reliable market reports, able editorials, interesting short stories scientific and mechanical information, illustrated fashion articles, humorous pictures, and is instructive and entertaining to every member of every family.

THE REPUBLICAN gives you all the local news, political and social, keeps you in close touch with your neighbors and friends, on the farm and in the village, informs you as to local prices for farm products the condition of crops and prospects for the year, and is a bright, newsy welcome and indispensable weekly visitor at your home and fireside.

Send all orders to THE REPUBLICAN, Decatur, Ill.

COLD, DAMP WEATHER

Again Grips us by the Throat, but you can shake off that dreadful "Grip," Cough or Cold, if you will use

The Great 4-C Remedy.

WHAT IF NOT MIRACLES ?

The great [illegible] work wherever introduced as nearly miraculous as [illegible] human agency to do (I will esteem it a favor [illegible] those names appear below or any one [illegible] testimonials)

My aim is to convince the public of my sincerity and of the true merits of this remedy.

BENEFACTORS OF THE RACE.

[illegible] Okla Dec 11 '98

GENTLEMEN: [illegible] I have duty to write [illegible] beneficial effect [illegible] far as I am per[illegible] last Thursday, [illegible] attacks of la grippe [illegible] hoarse I could [illegible] I had previous [illegible] that just before [illegible] I slept the en[illegible] I in my life not [illegible] believed before [illegible] Cold and [illegible] household in the [illegible] better by any [illegible] in giving [illegible] worst affections

Yours, [illegible] NEWBITT, Editor

A MIRACLE

[illegible] Dec 21, '91.

[illegible] this physician [illegible] by morning he [illegible] That night I [illegible] Four C" Remedy. [illegible] the first dose [illegible] rested well, a few [illegible] from my lungs; [illegible] third day I was [illegible] up town pur[illegible]

Yours, DENNIS BASSETT, [illegible] and Summit St.

CROUP CURED

One dose of Phelps' [illegible] Cold and Croup [illegible] relief when administered in the evening. W. H. MOORE, of Moore Bros., Grocers, [illegible] Kansas City, Kansas.

UNBROKEN REST AT NIGHT.

J. B. HULING, Manager, Office Commercial Printing Co., 196 South Clark St. Chicago, Nov. 24, '94.

R. R. Phelps, Esq., City.

DEAR SIR:—I wish to bear testimony to the great efficacy of your "Four C" remedy in throat and lung ailments. As a rule I have been skeptical of the merits of proprietary medicines, but have to confess that a test of your "Four C" is convincing that at least one ready made remedy is worthy of use. My children all take it without the least objection, from oldest to youngest, and is particularly noticeable that benefit is almost immediate. A single dose will check most coughs in their beginning, it gives an unbroken rest at night. In my family "Four C" is simply indispensable and I recommend it unqualifiedly.

Yours, J. B. HULING.

ACUTE LARNYGITIS.

Chicago, Sept. 25, '95.

For years back each winter I have suffered with acute larngitis. Last winter was so bad I could not leave my room for two weeks or could not speak above a whisper. I tried every known cough preparation from cough drops up and down with no relief, then in desperation I was induced to try Phelps' "Four-C." The first dose relieved my cough giving me the first night's rest for weeks. Half the bottle cured me. I have never been without this wonderful remedy since. It's as different from other like remedies as molasses from vinegar or sugar from sand. MRS. JOSEPH E. GRUBB, 5813 Madison Ave.

IT IS A MIRACLE.

Conductor Eckard, the Railroad Correspondent of the Neodasha Kansas Register, has this to say of "Four C": "Phelps is having a wonderful sale of his Cough and Cold Remedy. We personally know it is just what it is represented to be. Too much cannot be said in its praise. It is a miracle."

NOTICE TO DRUGGISTS AND TO THE PUBLIC

Contract—Druggists are authorized in ALL CASES TO REFUND THE PURCHASE [illegible] if the Four C Remedy (Phelps' Cough, Cold and Croup Cure) fails to give [illegible] Bronchitis, Asthma, LaGrippe, Coughs and Colds, no matter how long standing or deep seated, in fact I guarantee in all manner of Bronchial or Lung troubles not as a cure-all, but to give unbounded satisfaction. Give it a fair trial on the above conditions. I take all chances.

R. R. Phelps, 118 53d Street, Chicago, Ill., Prop.

For sale by Armstrong Bros., C. F. Shilling and W. H. Hubbard

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

Fifty Cents Per Box

Will Power all weaknesses broken down and the worn, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, blood-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and thrill with good health and growth. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest [illegible] discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Nervousness, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Impotence, Kidney Diseases, etc., a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5. Sent postpaid.

Sold by W. F. Neisler Drug & Stationery Co., Decatur, Ills.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Dr. Hugh A. Vaughan, Dentist. Room 401 Powers' Build'g (Near Elevator Entrance) DECATUR, ILLINOIS

S. I. STERRETT ATTORNEY AT LAW. OFFICE—Over Bryan' Clothing Store, Decatur

GEO. P. HARDY, Justice of the Peace, 157 East Main Street. Apr 25-dtf

HARRY K. MIDKIFF, Constable and Collector, 147 South Water St. Telephone—Old 839, New 78, Residence, Old 83 COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

HERMAN SPIES. Book Binder. Practical Book Binding and Blank Book Manufacturing. 127 South Water street, Decatur, Ill. Magazines bound, names stamped in gold on books.

Dr. T. S. Hoskins. Dr. Walter R. Adams.

HOSKINS & ADAMS, ..DENTISTS.. ROOMS 513, 514, 515, MILLIKIN BANK BUILDING.

EVERYBODY GO ON THE LOW RATE EXCURSION

To Vicksburg and New Orleans

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Railroad Company has planned one of the most delightful trips it is possible to make, and includes a daylight ride through the great cotton and corn section of Mississippi between Memphis and Vicksburg, a two days' visit at Vicksburg looking over the old battle grounds, the National Cemetery and attending an Inter-State Farmers' Convention to be addressed by some of the most eloquent and distinguished men and women of the north and south. Then another daylight ride by special train through the sugar-cane district of Louisiana, arriving at New Orleans at 4 30 p m Feb 11th. On Monday and Tuesday, Feb. 13th and 14th will occur the great Mardi Gras Carnival and thus more real instructive enjoyment will be crowded into a ten day or two weeks trip than in an ordinary winter's outing. The excursion will leave Decatur at 4 15 p m, Feb 7th, arriving at Memphis at 8 40 a. m February 8th, leave Memphis at 10 30 by special train, arriving at Vicksburg at 5 30 p. m.

Round trip rate to New Orleans $—, tickets good to return until and including February 28th. For sleeping car accommodations, either in Pullman or Tourist sleepers, apply to the undersigned at Dubuque, Iowa, not later than Feb. 1st. Do not send the money, but state distinctly what accommodations are wanted and whether in Standard Pullman or Tourist sleeper, remembering that the sleeping car rates quoted on full are for double berth and will be the same whether occupied by one or two people. Write the undersigned at once for a copy of the Vicksburg Convention program, New Orleans Guide and detailed information concerning the excursion.

J. F. BERRY, A. G. P. A., Ill Cent R. R., Dubuque, Iowa.

Drs. SHALLENBERGER & MILLER.

The Regular and Reliable Specialists, Who have Visited Shelbyville and Other County Seats Since 1891,

Cures permanently the cases they undertake and sends the incurable home without taking a fee from them. This is why they continue their visits year after year while other Specialists have made a few visits and ceased to return.

Drs. Shallenberger & Miller

OF CHICAGO,

An eminently successful Specialist in all the chronic diseases, proven by the many cures effected in chronic cases which had baffled the skill of all other physicians will be at the

Hotel St. Nicholas

DECATUR, ILL., Wednesday, March 8, 1899.

Office Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Their hospital experience and extensive practice have made them so proficient that they can name and locate a disease in a few moments. Treats all curable cases of Catarrh, Nose, Throat and Lung diseases, Eye and Ear, Stomach Liver and Kidneys, Gravel, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Nervous and Heart Diseases, Blood and Skin Diseases, Bright's Disease and Consumption in early stages, Diseases of Bladder and Female Organs, Stammering treated and recurrence prevented.

A never failing remedy for Big-Neck.

Every case of PILES, FISTULÆ and RUPTURE guaranteed cure without detention from business.

Private Diseases a Specialty, Seminal Weakness, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa Stricture, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Lost Manhood, and the effects of early vice of excess, producing emissions debility, nervousness, defective memory, dizziness, etc., which ruins both mind and body POSITIVELY CURED

...Wonderful Cures...

Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. We undertake no incurable cases, but cure thousands given up to die

CONSULTATION Free and Confidential.

ADDRESS

Drs. Shallenberger & Miller,

170 Oakwood Boulevard, CHICAGO, ILL.

REFERENCE: Oakland National Bank, Chicago

ILLINOIS CENTRAL EXCURSIONS.

One way settler rates to points south and southeast on first and third Tuesdays of each month at very low rates.

Tickets to St. Louis and return on every Saturday good returning on Monday at one fare for round trip.

Homeseekers' excursions to points north, northwest, west, southwest, south and southeast at one fare plus $2 for first and third Tuesdays of each month.

[illegible] ticket office on Main [illegible] Depot.

Master In Chancery's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY, } ss

In the Circuit Court.

Henry Oehler, complainant, vs Mamie E. Grass, et al, defendant—In Chancery. No. 17359.

Public notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Macon county, in the State of Illinois, entered in the above entitled cause at the January term of said court A. D. 1899, I, James J. Finn, Master in Chancery of said court, will on

Tuesday, February 21, 1899,

at the hour of 2 o'clock p m., at the north door of the Court House on East Wood street, in the City of Decatur, in said county, offer for sale at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, subject to redemption according to law, the real estate in said decree ordered to be sold, being described as follows, to-wit:

Lot 16 in Block 1 in E. B. Durfee's 3d Addition to the city of Decatur

Dated at Decatur, Illinois, this 30th day of January, A. D. 1899.

J. J. FINN Master in Chancery

ALEXANDER MCINTOSH, Complainant's Sol. Jan. 30-d4w

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Samuel C. Allen, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed executor of the estate of Samuel C. Allen, late of the county of Macon, and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the April term, on the first Monday in April next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 1st day of February 1899

EDWIN G. ALLEN, Executor.

feb 2-d3w

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Elizabeth McDonald, Deceased

The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Elizabeth McDonald, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the April term, on the first Monday in April next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 10th day of February 1899.

HARDIN C. WALLACE, Administrator.

Feb 11-d3w*

Illinois Central R. R.

The customary proclamation of Rex King of the Carnival, having been issued, the Illinois Central Railroad Company announce that on account of the

MARDI GRAS

which for the present year will be held on

FEBRUARY 14,

round trip tickets to New Orleans will be placed on sale at all stations on its lines at

VERY LOW RATES.

There will be on sale at February 6 to 12, with final return limit to February 28, 1899.

The attention of southern homeseekers is called to the excellent opportunity offered by the above low rates to visit Vicksburg during the Interstate Farmers' Institute, to be held February 8, 9, and 10. They will be good for stop-over at Vicksburg, Miss., to which point a special excursion will be run from points in Illinois on Tuesday, Feb. 7, for the above occasion.

Full particulars concerning this excursion can be had by addressing J. F. Merry, A. G. P. A., Dubuque, Iowa.

Homeseekers' Excursions

to certain points in the south on the lines of the Illinois Central and Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads will be run on the first and third Tuesday of each month, during February, March and April.

CALIFORNIA VIA NEW ORLEANS.

Personally conducted Pullman Tourist Sleeping Car every Monday from Chicago through to Los Angeles and San Francisco, via New Orleans, in connection with the Southern Pacific Co. leaving Chicago on its fast "New Orleans Limited" train at 5 45 p. m. The Limited also connects at New Orleans daily with express train for the Pacific Coast, and on Mondays and Thursdays at New Orleans with the

Sunset Limited

of the Southern Pacific, giving special through service to San Francisco

When going to

FLORIDA take the DIXIE FLYER.

Through Pullman Sleeping Car daily from St Louis to

Jacksonville, Fla.,

via the Illinois Central Railroad and the "Lookout Mountain Route" and connecting lines by way of

Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta.

This train is a solid train to Nashville carrying in addition to the sleeping car a through coach from St Louis to Nashville

Daily Express also leaves St. Louis every morning and carries a through sleeping car and coach to Nashville connecting with through sleeping car to Jacksonville Fla., thus giving

Double Daily Service

to Nashville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Jacksonville, connecting for all principal points in the southeast such as Charleston Wilmington, Aiken and Savannah, and for all points in Florida.

Full particulars concerning all of the above can be had of agents of the Illinois Central or by addressing

A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago.

I., D. & W. Railway Excursions.

The I., D. & W. railroad will sell excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to the following meetings

Home seekers excursions to principal points in the south, on the first Tuesday of each month. Good returning every Tuesday or Friday for twenty-one days. One fare plus $2 for round trip.

One way settlers' tickets sold to the South on the first and third Tuesdays of each month at greatly reduced rates.

New Orleans account Mardi Gras, $20 75 round trip from Decatur Tickets sold Feb. 6th to 13th good for return journey to commence not later than Feb. 28th

For full information regarding dates of sale limits of tickets, rate, maps and descriptive advertising matter write or apply to C. A. Pollock Ticket Agent I. D. & W. Railroad, Decatur, Ill

VANDALIA EXCURSIONS.

The Vandalia Railroad will sell excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to the following meetings

Homeseekers' excursions to principal points in the South, Southwest, North and Northwest, on the first and third Tuesdays of each month, good returning every Tuesday or Friday for twenty-one days. One fare plus $2 for round trip.

One way settlers' tickets sold to the South on the first and third Tuesdays of each month at greatly reduced rates.

For dates, rates, etc., apply to W. L. Smith, Union Depot Ticket Agent, or J. C. Millspaugh, T. P. A., Decatur, Ill.

Macon County Teachers' Examinations, 1899.

1. First Saturday in February
2. First Saturday in April.
3. First Saturday in June.
4. At close of Teachers' Institute.
5. First Saturday of November.

Examinations will begin promptly at 1 a. m. Office day, Saturday.

JOHN G. KELLER Co. Supt., Decatur, Illinois.

O1m-w1yr

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U.S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A Pamphlet, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U.S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

O. A. SNOW & CO. Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

People's Column.

Advertisements of Forty words or less may be inserted in this column at the rate of 25 cents per week, payable invariably in advance

For Sale, For Rent, Wanted, Etc.

WANTED.

WANTED—A first-class girl to do general housework. Reference required and none but first class need apply. No washing to do. Call at 744 N. Main street. 8-d6

HELP WANTED—Ladies to make bandages at home for large surgical houses; earn $10 weekly, enclose addressed stamped envelope for reply. Marshall & Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—You to give us your orders for carpets to clean and feathers to renovate. Work called for and delivered free. Satisfaction guaranteed. Place of business, 630 Wabash ave., telephone 667. HAYES & ANTHONY. oct13-dtf

WANTED—Paper hanging. With 25 years' experience I am prepared to give prompt attention to all orders from all parts of the city. Prices reasonable and all work guaranteed. New Telephone 806. D. M. SMITH, West end Pugh street car line. Feb 19-dtf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Furnishings and trade of house full of boarders and roomers. Good location—near shops. BOX 277, Clinton, Ill. 7-d6

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The Dansesen slaughter house property, 1½ acres good buildings, well and cistern water, good drainage, 1¼ miles west of Lincoln Square, on King street, suitable for a dairy. Call at Dansesen & Sons' Merchant Street market for further information. Feb. 11-dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SALESMAN—$5 a day. No canvassing. No deliveries. No collections. Samples free. Side line or exclusive. MFRS., 391 Market street, Phila. 31-dec6 4w

BICYCLE REPAIRING at reasonable prices. Punctures repaired for 25c. J. G. STARR & SON, Lincoln Square. Aug 5-dtf

NASHVILLE, Ill., Sept 9, 1891.

Office of Rev. J. C. Orr, pastor M. E. Church.

Gentlemen:

Enclosed find draft for $5. Please send by return mail $5 worth of Cerrodanic Capsules. The medicine you have been sending the last three times is for an old lady who has been afflicted with Rheumatism for a number of years. She is so much improved that she can do her work, and last Sunday walked four squares to church, a thing she has not been able to do for a year. Present address Lawrenceville, Ill.

Yours truly, J. C. Orr.

FLEXIBLE Dating Paid Stamp with box of dates $1 till March 1st. Everything in the commercial stamp line. Supplies and repairs. THE DECATUR RUBBER STAMP WORKS, J. M. Myers, Prop. New Phone 117. 201 South Church street, Decatur, Ill

VIOLIN MUSIC—Instruction on the violin. Apply to Miss Jeanette Powers, 357 North Edward street, or Powers' Shoe Store. July 4-dtf

PATENTS, TRADEMARKS, COPYRIGHTS, CAVEATS, on quickest and easiest terms. Am associate counsel for Louis Bagger & Co., 30 years' experience as Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C. All legal business promptly and carefully attended to. Loans. A. E. PARK, 142 E. Prairie street. NEW PHONE 672. Sept 7-dtf

R. G. ROSEN, Architect and Builder. Office Rooms 1 and 2, third floor, Review Building, North Main street.

PUMPS, PUMPS, PUMPS, And PUMPS, FIRE-PROOF SAFES. GEO. M. WOOD, 183 South Water st. Aug 6-d&wtf

HARRY A. POOLE, MILK DEPOT, Milk, Cream, Butter and Dressed Poultry. Wholesale and Retail, 461 North Water street Decatur Ill. Jan 24-dtf

STORAGE GOODS FOR SALE.—We have a lot of household goods, bedroom suit, chairs, couches, carpets, etc., in good condition, that we will sell cheap to pay the storage due on them. This is a bargain for some one. BACHMAN BROS. & MARTIN CO. June 10-dtf

THE Blue Grass Carriage shop. Your vehicle insured and stored at my risk free of cost, if repairs or repainting is necessary for spring use. Oceans of good dry room, and I want one to two hundred vehicles on these terms. Corner of East Main and Franklin streets. June-dtf

SEE DILTS—If you are wanting a two, three or four inch tubular well, or your old wells made deeper. Well work of all kinds and sizes, from two inches to three feet. 728 N. Water or 1712 E. Prairie street. nov20 dtf

STEAMSHIP TICKETS to all parts of Europe, either first or second cabin, or steerage tickets, at the very lowest prices. PETER H. BRUECK, agent White Star Line and Hamburg-American Line, 215 N. Main feb 1-dtf

MONEY TO LOAN.

LOANS Of All Kinds Made by PEGRAM & CO., Room One, over Citizen's Nat. Bank. Open Evenings Until 8 p. m. All acknowledgements taken in our office.

ALBERT T. SUMMERS, —LOAN BROKER,— All Classes of Loans Negotiated. 145 North Water street, DECATUR, ILL.

MONEY LOANED—On Watches Diamonds etc., at lowest rates at D. YOUNG'S LOAN OFFICE, 142 East Prairie st. Feb 9-dtf

LOANS... Rooms Nos. 1 and 2, 127 North Water street. LOW RATES. May 29-dtf GEO. W. EHRHART

Master in Chancery's Sale.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY, } ss. In the Circuit Court

Daniel Stookey, Complainant vs. John L. Connelly et al., Defendants—In Chancery, No. 16963

Public notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree of the circuit court of Macon county, in the state of Illinois, entered in the above entitled cause at the October term of said court, A. D. 1898 I James J. Finn, Master in Chancery of said court will on

Monday, the 13th day of February, 1899

at the hour of 2 o'clock p m at the north door of the court house on East Wood street, in the City of Decatur in said county offer for sale at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand, subject to redemption according to law the real estate in said decree ordered to be sold being described as follows, to-wit

The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section ten (10) township sixteen (16) north range one (1) east of the third principal meridian in Macon county, state of Illinois

Dated at Decatur, Illinois, this 29th day of January A. D. 1899

JAMES J. FINN Master in Chancery.

Bunn & Park, Complainant's Solicitors Jan 30-dtd

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Michael Ennis, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Michael Ennis late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county at the court house in Decatur at the April term, on the first Monday in April next at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned

Dated this 8th day of February 1899

8-d*w WM. RYAN, Administrator

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

Southern Homeseekers' Guide.

New 1898 Edition, Entirely Rewritten and Giving Facts and Conditions Brought Down to Date,

This new 204 page illustrated pamphlet contains a large number of letters from northern farmers now prosperously located on the line of the Illinois Central Railroad in the states of Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana; also a detailed write up of the cities, towns and country on and adjacent to that line. To homeseekers, or those in search of a farm this pamphlet will furnish reliable information concerning the most accessible and prosperous portion of the South. Free copies can be had by applying to J. F. MERRY, A. G. P. A., Illinois Central R. R. Manchester, Iowa.

Tickets to New York and Philadelphia, via National Capital.

Commencing at once the Vandalia-Pennsylvania Lines will sell tickets to Philadelphia and New York via Washington, D. C., at the same rate as apply over direct lines of the Pennsylvania and allow Ten Days' stop-over at Washington. For further information apply to W. L. Smith at Union depot or J. C. Millspaugh, telephone 1.15. jan 1-dtf

Railroad Column

R. R. TIME TABLES.

Wabash Line

[Corrected to Jan. 1, 1899.]

TO CHICAGO.

No. 12—Daily ..... 1:10 a m
No. 14—Daily except Sunday ..... 9 23 a m
No. 14—Daily ..... 11.42 a m

TO ST. LOUIS.

No. 5—East Mail, Daily ..... 11:16 p m
No. 3—Daily ..... 3 40 a m
No. 9—St. Louis Accom., Daily ..... 7 10 a m
No. 1—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 4:03 p m
No. 21—St. Louis Express, ex. Sun ..... 4 13 p m
No. 7—Kansas City Ex, Daily ..... 7.30 p m

TO TOLEDO AND BUFFALO.

No. 6—East Mail, Daily ..... 6 28 a m
No. 16—Danville Accom, Daily ..... 9 30 a m
No. 24—Except Sunday ..... 11 00 a m
No. 4—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 11.37 a m
No. 10—Lafayette Accom., ex. Sun ..... 4 35 p m
No. 2—N. Y. Limited, Daily ..... 11 51 p m

TO QUINCY AND HANNIBAL.

No. 3—K. C. Express, Daily ..... 3 50 a m
No. 19—Clayton Accom, Daily ..... 7 30 a m
No. 9—Daily, ex. Sun ..... 11:03 a m
No. 1—Daily ..... 4 18 p m
No. 17—To Springfield, Daily ..... 7:40 p m

FROM CHICAGO.

No. 13—Daily ..... 3 35 a m
No. 11—Limited Daily ..... 8.04 p m
No. 17—Daily, except Sunday ..... 7 35 p m

FROM ST. LOUIS.

No. 12—Night Express, Daily ..... 1.00 a m
No. 6—Fast Mail, Daily ..... 5 20 a m
No. 24—Daily except Sunday ..... 10 55 a m
No. 4—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 11 14 a m
No. 10—St. Louis Accom., Daily ..... 3:10 p m
No. 2—N. Y. Limited Daily ..... 11.46 p m

FROM TOLEDO.

No. 5—Fast Mail, Daily ..... 11:42 p m
No. 3—Limited, Daily ..... 3 15 a m
No. 21—Except Sunday ..... 3 45 p m
No. 1—Continental Limited, Daily ..... 4 30 p m
No. 7—St. Louis Through Ex Daily ..... 7 17 p m

FROM QUINCY AND HANNIBAL.

No. 18—From Springfield, Daily ..... 10 15 a m
No. 4—Express Daily ..... 10 55 a m
No. 10—From Springfield ex. Sun ..... 4 30 p m
No. 20—From Clayton Daily ..... 8 55 p m
No. 2—From Kansas City, Daily ..... 11 05 p m

Illinois Central.

Corrected to Dec. 28, 1898.

No. 113 to Chicago via Clinton & Gilman ..... * 1 55 a. m.
No. 120 to Chicago via Clinton & Gilman ..... * 3 5 p. m.
No. 704 to Chicago via Champaign ..... * 5.45 a. m.
No. 104 Main Line North ..... * 11 0 a. m.
No. 126 Main Line North ..... † 5 45 p. m.
No. 702 Champaign Line Mixed leaves ..... † 4.15 p. m.
No. 19—Freight, arrives ..... † 11 0 a. m.
No. 117 Diamond Special to St. Louis via Pana ..... * 1 02 a. m.
No. 110 Daylight Special to St. Louis via Pana ..... * 1 5 p. m.
No. 125 Main Line South to Cairo ..... † 9 22 a. m.
No. 1 3 Main Line South to Cairo ..... * 4:15 p. m.
No. 191 Local Freight South ..... † 7 45 a. m.
No. 703 from Chicago via Champaign, arrives ..... * 1 . 5 p. m.
No. 701 from Champaign Mixed Train arrives ..... † 11 5 a. m.

*—Daily. †—Daily Except Sunday.

DEORIA, DECATUR & EVANSVILLE RY.

Arrive from Peoria	Arrive from Evansville
A No. 1 ..... 10:35 a. m.	A No. 2 ..... 2 50 p. m
D No. 3 ..... 10:00 p. m.	A No. 4 ..... 6 25 a. m
A No. 11 ..... 2:30 p. m	S No. 36 ..... 7 10 a. m
Depart for Peoria	**Depart for Evansville**
A No. 2 ..... 3 00 p. m	A No. 1 ..... 10 45 a. m.
A No. 4 ..... 6 35 a. m	D No. 3 ..... 10 20 p. m.
S No. 36 ..... 7 20 a. m.	A No. 11 ..... 3:05 p. m.
A No. 10 ..... 10 35 a. m	

"A"—Daily Except Sunday. "D"—Daily. "S" Sunday Only.

Vandalia Line.

In effect Oct 1, 1898.

DEPARTS EAST.

No. 84—Freight, ex. Sunday ..... 6:35 a m
No. 12—Except Sunday ..... 7:40 a m
No. 6—Except Sunday ..... 2:25 p m

FROM TERRE HAUTE.

No. 7—Except Sunday ..... 10:05 a m
No. 83—Freight, ex. Sunday ..... 3:00 p m
No. 21—Except Sunday ..... 7:05 p m

DEPARTS WEST.

No. 8—Ex. Sunday ..... 7:00 a m
No. 85—Freight, ex Sunday ..... 7:00 a m
No. 7—Ex. Sunday ..... 10:55 a m

FROM PEORIA.

No. 6—Ex. Sunday ..... 2:20 p m
No. 83—Freight ex. Sunday ..... 4:10 p m
No. 4—Ex. Sunday ..... 8:30 p m

For complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rates, through cars, etc., address J. C. Millspaugh, T. P. A., Decatur, Ill., or E. A. Ford, Gen'l Pass. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

Indiana, Decatur & Western Ry Co.

ARRIVE.		LEAVE.	
No. 1 Pass.	*2 25 p m	No. 4 Pass.	*11:10 p m
No. 3 Pass.	*10:45 a m	No. 2 Pass.	*11.00 a m
" 7	†10 00 a m	" 10	†4:15 p m
" 9	*8 00 p m	" 8	†9 00 a m

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

WABASH EXCURSIONS.

The Wabash Railroad will sell excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to the following meetings

St. Louis and return. Tickets sold every Saturday afternoon and Sunday One fare round trip.

Sunday low rate tickets will be sold from all stations east of Mississippi River, except to points north of Bement on Chicago Division, Sundays at very low rates—good going and and returning Sunday only.

One way Settlers' tickets to the South sold on the first and third Tuesdays of each month at greatly reduced rates.

Homeseekers' excursions to principal points in the South, Southwest, West and Northwest, on the first and third Tuesdays of each month, good returning every Tuesday or Friday for 21 days. One fare, plus $2 00, for the round trip.

California tourists tickets, good returning nine months, with liberal stop over privileges each direction, on sale daily.

New Orleans account Mardi Gras, $20.75 round trip from Decatur. Tickets sold Feb 6th to 13th, good for return journey to commence not later than Feb 28th.

Commencing Monday, Dec 5, the Wabash railroad will inaugurate weekly tourist sleeping car service between St Louis and Los Angeles, Cal. Westbound these cars will leave St Louis Monday nights at 10:30 Ready for occupancy in St. Louis season ticket holders at 9 p. m on No. 7, arriving at Kansas City on No 21 at 9 15 a. m and leaving Kansas City on Santa Fe No. 1 at 11:20 Tuesdays, arriving at Los Angeles at 8:20 a. m Fridays, and San Francisco at 8 45 p. m. Fridays. The service to San Francisco in tourist sleepers with one change at Stockton but through reservations can be made. This train leaves Decatur at 7 17 p. m Eastbound, the car will leave Los Angeles on Santa Fe No 2 at 10:30 a m Wednesdays arriving in Kansas City at 7 a. m Thursdays, and operated from Kansas City to St Louis on our No. 2, leaving Kansas City at 9:50 a m and arriving at St Louis at 6 15 p m Thursdays. Service from San Francisco will be tourist sleepers to St. Louis with one change at Barstow, this connecting car leaving San Francisco at 5 p m Sundays.

The Wabash railroad will organize and run two personally conducted thirty day tours of Mexico, leaving Decatur Jan 19 and Feb 20, at 6:05 p. m. via Wabash railroad and leaving St Louis the same evening via the Iron Mountain at 8:15 p. m. with Pullman sleeping and dining cars. The tours are first class in every respect. Chas P Barrett will escort both parties as representative of the Mexican National railroad, having been ticket agent for that company in the City of Mexico for nearly ten years and is thoroughly posted on the country. The price from Decatur is $60.50. Call at city office for information.

For full information regarding rates of sale dates of tickets, rates, maps and descriptive advertising matter, write or apply to J. C. Millspaugh, Decatur, Ill., agent, or Allen Ward, city ticket agent, Decatur, Ill.

Every Dealer In Decatur

Doesn't think it worth while to keep such a complete line of dishes and bric-a-brac. This is where he makes a mistake. Housewives are wonderfully educated in these days and the ordinary gold-rimmed crockery that the grandmother thought the acme of style is passed by with contempt for the dainty, colored patterns of today. Nothing but the best is good enough for our customers, and we are willing and happy to say there is no place where pretty dishes can be bought so reasonable as here.

FRANK CURTIS,

Successor to OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China.

156 EAST MAIN STREET, : : DECATUR, ILL.

Better Hurry Up.

Such opportunities not always to be had and don't last long. Get the following while they last.

Hanan & Son's Double Sole Enamel Bals., Regular $5.00 grade reduced to $4.00.

Hanan & Son's Double Sole Winter Tan Bals, regular $5.00 grade, now $4.00.

Hanan & Son's Ladies' Hand Welt and Hand Turned Block Vici Kid Lace Shoes, were $5.00, now $4.00.

There is nothing in the world equals a HANAN SHOE. Better come while they last.

F. H. COLE SHOE CO.,

148 EAST MAIN STREET.

The Real Thing

now is boxing, fencing and other athletic sports.

We want you to see our superior line of Boxing Gloves, Striking Bags, Foils, Whitely Exercisers, Gymnasium Suits, etc. All goods new and of the best grade.

Prices have been reduced and you can buy good articles for a small amount of money.

Please call and let us show you what we have to offer.

Out of town mail orders receive prompt and careful attention.

DECATUR GUN CO.

"JICKY"

The Celebrated French Perfume.....

75c Ounce.

WEST'S DRUG STORE...

LOCAL NEWS.

Smoke the Little J., 5-cent cigar, made by Jacob Keck.

Pictures and Frames at Melchers' Art Store south of the Postoffice.

Go to Henry's bakery for all kinds of bread, cakes, pies, etc. june 22-dtf

Smoke the Little J. Guaranteed to contain no artificial flavor.—1-dtf

Minstrels Tuesday and Wednesday nights at the Grand.

For to beautify your homes see our line of tapestry, burlaps and heavy pressed papers. W. C. Pluck & Son 109 East North street.—6-d1mo

The office of Dr. Edward K. Dinges is in the Pasfield block, North Main street.—8-d6

You will find the Chickering and Packard pianos the best. See them at the C. B. Prescott music house.

Attend the revival meetings at the Christian tabernacle.

Fine candies at Glessner's, 143 East Prairie.

Why send your money out of town when we take your subscriptions at publishers' prices.

L. CHODAT'S NEWS HOUSE.

Sullivan News: Great interest has been manifested in the revival services at the M. E. church during the past week. The sermons of Dr. Gillmore of Decatur were grand and quite a number have accepted Christ. The meetings will continue indefinitely.

In its advanced and chronic form a cold in the head is known as Nasal Catarrh and is the recognized source of other diseases. Having stood the test of continued successful use, Ely's Cream Balm is recognized as a specific for membranal diseases in the nasal passages, and you make a great mistake in not resorting to this treatment in your own case. To test it a trial size for 10 cents or the large for 50 cents is mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it.

Central Examinations.

County Superintendent J. G. Keller has been holding central examinations at the country schools during the past week. In spite of the extreme cold weather the attendance has been large. Examinations were held last week at Hadley, Excelsior, Upper Ridge and Forsyth schools.

Call Up P. Perl & Son

For fancy rubber tired carriages. They are supplied with the Lehman Heaters, and are just the thing for funerals and parties. Call 169 Old or New Phone. 11-d6

DECATUR MARKETS.

The following are the Decatur quotations for Monday, February 13:

Grain—Shellabarger Mill and Elevator company pay the following: Wheat 70 cents per bushel; white corn, 31c; yellow corn 30 cents, white oats 26 cents; mixed oats 24 cents; rye 35 cents.

Live Stock—Danzeisen and Sons quote the following: Cows and heifers $2.75 to $3.75, steers $3.50 to $4.25, sheep $3 to $3.50, hogs $3 to $3.20.

Poultry—Quotations by Max Atlas: Hens and springs, 7 cents per pound; stag, 5 cents; roosters 3 cents, hen turkeys 9 cents; ducks 4½ cents, gobblers, 8 cents, geese 4 cents; old toms, 6 cents.

Eggs—Receipts light, 24½ cents per dozen.

Hides and Tallow—Quotations by Max Atlas: Hides 7½ cents per pound, tallow 3 cents per pound.

Hay—New timothy hay sells for $9 per ton.

Flour—The best grades of flour sell at $4 per barrel. It has dropped 10 cents in the past two days.

HEAR MARTIN TONIGHT

At the Tabernacle.

One of the Greatest Living Evangelists.

Revival Now Going On.

DR. S. M. MARTIN, Of Oakland, Cal.

Theme tonight:

"SOLDIERS FOR CHRIST."

Services begin at 7:30 sharp.

Music in charge of Prof. Lee B. Millikan, assisted by his choir of over 100 trained voices.

The big building was packed last night. Come early if you want a seat.

Meeting for men only next Sunday at 3 o'clock.

COLD WEATHER

Noticeably Affects Attendance at Churches.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN THE TOPIC

Of Dr. Gillmore's Discourse—New Members Received at Edward Street Church—Other Church Notes.

The attendance at the different churches of the city Sunday was noticeably affected by the extreme cold weather. At the First M. E. and First Baptist churches the congregation worshipped in the Sunday school rooms of the churches, which were more than sufficient in size for the number in attendance. Very little is planned in church circles for this week. Everything out of the ordinary routine of prayer meetings, bible classes, etc., has been postponed to await a rise in temperature.

The Harrison revival which was to have begun at the First M. E. church this week is undecided as the pastor, Rev. Frost Craft, has been unable to hear from Mr. Harrison definitely regarding the exact date of his appearance in Decatur. It is thought that the great revivalist will be here by the middle of the week but nothing certain is known.

IN MEMORY OF LINCOLN.

Rev. Dr. Gillmore in his sermon in commemoration of Lincoln used this great man as a striking example and proof of the force of an honest, upright and simple faith in God and his rulings with the people. His eulogy of the life of Lincoln was eloquent and impressive. The Sons of Veterans attended the service in a body. Special music was rendered by the choir. Dr. Gillmore said as a prelude to his sermon:

"Just 90 years ago, Kentucky gave a child of destiny to the world, who became a remarkable example of the possibilities that America alone can produce. The starting point was in the vale of poverty, the atmosphere of ignorance and environments of degredation; the ending of the road was on the crest of the highest mountain in the clear sunlight of recognized kingship, with the homage of civilized nations. He never entered a college nor attended a university, yet no man merited a higher diploma in the knowledge of humanity. A giant in memory, an intense reader, an ardent student, a captivating speaker, swarthy in complexion, 6 feet 4 inches all, disproportion apparent in his frame, wearing home-spun, surveying land, navigating a flatboat, driving a four-yoke team of oxen to Illinois, commanding a company in the Black Hawk Indian war, running a dry goods and grocery store, a postmaster who "carried the postoffice in his hat" because not able to hire a room, a member of the legislature, a member of Congress, a defeated candidate for the United States Senate, a president of a republic, commander-in-chief of the army and navy, emancipator of a race of bondmen, a saviour of his country, a martyr, a saint—this epitomizes a life that only reached 56 years. In disposition gentle as a woman, trustful as a child, magnanimous, noble, inspirational. In 1842 in Springfield he uttered this remarkable prophecy: 'When the victory shall be complete, when there shall be neither a slave nor a drunkard on the earth, how proud the title of that land which may claim to be the birthplace and cradle of those resolutions that shall have ended in that victory.' When the committee visited him to officially inform him of his nomination for the presidency, he arose and said: 'Gentlemen, we must pledge our mutual health in the most healthful beverage which God has given to man. It is the only beverage I have ever used or allowed in my family, and I cannot conscientiously depart from it on the present occasion; it is pure Adam's ale from the spring.' And he pledged them his highest respects in a cup of cold water. He was an enthusiast in temperance by precept and example. To Joshua Speed, his intimate personal friend, about a year before his death, he said: 'I am profitably engaged in reading the Bible. Take all of this book upon reason that you can, and the balance on faith, and you will live and die a better man.' His aphorisms were gems. I quote you some of his resplendent thoughts:

"'God must like common people, or he would not have made so many of them.'

"'The purposes of the Almighty are perfect and must prevail, though we erring mortals may fail to accurately perceive them in advance.'

"'I know the Lord is always on the side of the right. But it is my constant anxiety and prayer that I and this nation shall be on the Lord's side.'

"'I have been driven many times to my knees by the overwhelming conviction that I had nowhere else to go.'

"'All the armies of Europe, Asia and Africa combined, with all the treasures of the earth in their military chest, with a Bonaparte for a commander, could not, by force, take a drink from the Ohio, or make a track on the Blue Ridge, in a trial of a thousand years.'

"Magnificent man, loyal American, undaunted chieftain, a national idol, ever more honored, I come now to give you his name—Abraham Lincoln."

AT HOME AT GRACE.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Grace M. E. church will hold an informal "at home" at the church on Tuesday afternoon February 14, from 2 to 5. The occasion is meant to be one for an informal social gathering of all the church members and their friends. A number of the members whom the society could not see have been sent postal cards, but it is not an invitational affair and all members are urged to be present. Mesdames Faries, Steele, Donohue, Gillmore and others are on the reception committee. Mrs. D. S. Shellabarger is chairman of the refreshment committee. The registration committee consists of Mesdames C. P. Kennedy and Dennis and Miss Emma Reddick. Sandwiches and coffee will be served.

REVIVALS CLOSED.

The revival meetings which have been in progress at the United Brethren church at Argenta for the past five weeks under the directions of Rev. D. C. Blunt have closed on account of the cold weather. There have been 25 accessions to the church.

The revival services at the Methodist church at Sullivan have also closed on account of the extreme weather.

AT THE TABERNACLE.

At the Christian tabernacle Sunday a series of revival meetings was opened. The pastor, Rev. George F. Hall, has secured Rev. S. M. Martin of Oakland, Cal., to conduct the services. Mr. Martin preached three sermons on Sunday. In the morning his subject was, "The Model Congregation," in the afternoon he preached on "A Revival of Religion," and in the evening his theme was "Progress." Services will be held every evening during the week and on Sundays there will be three services.

CHURCH NOTES.

Rev. S. H. Bowyer will conduct services at East Park chapel on Tuesday evening.

The Ladies' prayer meeting of the First Baptist church will be held with Mrs. W. R. Scruggs on Friday afternoon.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Presbyterian church will hold the annual meeting at the church on Friday afternoon. Annaul reports will be heard and the election of officers will be held.

The class in literature will meet at the First Presbyterian church on Wednesday afternoon.

"Three Great Duties: Hearing, Believing and Doing," will be the subject of Dr. Penhallegon's talk at the prayer meeting at the First Presbyterian church on Wednesday evening.

There will be no prayer meeting services at Westminster chapel this week on account of the cold weather.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First M. E. church will hold a meeting at the church on Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the First M. E. church will meet with Mrs. J. W. Sanner, corner of West Macon and Monroe streets, on Tuesday afternoon at 2:30. Tea at 6 o'clock and a program for the evening.

Honor day was celebrated at College street chapel on Sunday afternoon. Eight pupils were passed from the primary to the main room and 11 pupils were given the certificates of honor for regularity in attendance, contributions and good work done in the past year. The certificates were presented by A. H. Mills and a talk was made by Dr. Penhallegon.

The reception to the new Sunday school superintendent, T. C. McIntyre, which was to have been given at College street chapel this evening has been postponed until warmer weather.

Five new members were received into the Edward Street Christian church on Sunday morning. Twenty-six new members in all have been taken into the church as a result of the recent revival meetings. The services were particularly interesting. Special music was rendered by George Dunston, Miss Montgomery and Miss Scruggs. On next Sunday the services will be held in celebration of the lifting of the mortgage from the church. The mortgage will be burned and the location of the new church decided upon.

There were special services at the U. B. church on Sunday morning. The World's Student Christian Federation appointed Sunday February 12 as a day for prayer for students and the day was observed in the Centenary church with special sermons by the pastors.

A lenten service will be held at the English Lutheran church on Wednesday evening.

Y. M. C. A. at Mattoon.

Secretary Harry Patterson of the Y. M. C. A. has been invited to attend a meeting to be held by the association at Mattoon on March 12.

A man guilty of poverty easily believes himself suspected.—Johnson.

MRS. HENRY DEAD

Widow of Late John A. Henry Passed Away

AT HER HOME NEAR MT. ZION

Dropsy was the Cause of Death—Funeral on Tuesday Forenoon at the C. P. Church at Mt. Zion.

Mother Jane Henry, widow of John A. Henry, died Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at her home, one and one-half miles south of Mt. Zion. For some time back Mrs. Henry has been afflicted with dropsy and has been operated on for it several times and these operations afforded some temporary relief. But a recent and more extended operation developed the fact that there existed a tumorous condition in the abdominal cavity which must result fatally. Mrs. Henry was the second wife of John A. Henry and was one of the residents who have helped so much to make the country what it now is. She has raised a large family of children who are now among our foremost citizens. Mrs. Henry was one of the many old residents of Mt. Zion who have died this winter.

The funeral of Mother Henry will occur at the Cumberland Presbyterian church at Mt. Zion Tuesday forenoon at 11 o'clock. Friends of the family residing in Decatur can arrive in time for the services by taking the P. D. and E. train, which leaves the union depot at 10:45.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of the late John G. Kappes was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from St. Paul's German Lutheran church. The services were conducted by Rev. Marcus Wagner and the burial was at Greenwood cemetery.

The funeral of Florence, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Garver, who died Saturday, was held from the residence at 10 o'clock Sunday forenoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Bliss.

TURNER OFFICERS

Elected at a Meeting Held Sunday Afternoon—Masquerade Tuesday Night.

The members of the Turner society held a business meeting Sunday afternoon and elected officers for the ensuing year, the following being chosen:

President—Carl Young.
Vice President—Frank Plumer, Jr.
Recording Secretary—Edward Kosnitzer.
Corresponding Secretary—Carl Walter.
Cashier—Andrew Siler.
Treasurer—Charles Young.
First Turnwalt—Charles Kline.
Second Turnwalt—Joe Metz.

Tomorrow evening a masquerade will be given at the Turner hall. It is to be the biggest affair that has been given by the society this year and a large attendance is expected. A costumer will be in Decatur from Peoria to supply those who wish to attend and will be at the St. Nicholas hotel.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for la grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure la grippe in less than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by H. W. Bell, N. L. Krone, W. H. Hubbard.

Arrest at Blue Mound.

Deputy Sheriff Wilson went to Blue Mound Saturday and arrested Emory Bradley and James House on an indictment returned by the last grand jury. The two men constitute one of the leading business firms of Blue Mound and are well known throughout the county. It is understood that the accusation grew out of the possession of some agricultural implements. Both men promptly furnished bond for their appearance in the circuit court.

Will Wed in March.

The engagement of Miss Anna Walston and John Bennett has been announced. The wedding is to occur in Decatur on March 24. Miss Walston is the youngest daughter of Dr. R. L. Walston and Mr. Bennett is a clerk in the office of Trainmaster Swigart of the Wabash.

Hearts are stronger than swords.—Wendell Phillips.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome